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# The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes
WEDDING CARDS, POSTERS, VISITING CARDS, HANDBILLS, BUSINESS CARDS, PROGRAMMES, BALL CARDS, BILLHEADS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, DODGERS, BILLS OF FARE, STATEMENTS, WINE CARDS, PAMPHLETS, LAW CARDS AND CIRCULARS, POINTS, BOOKS, ETC.
In the latest and neatest styles, and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

No one can visit England without being struck with the extraordinary superiority of English highways over our own, confesses the Chicago Herald.

General statistics prove that, since the Trojan war, three thousand years ago—that is, since the beginning of history—not a single year has elapsed in which some war has not killed a large number of men.

The government pays the railroads nearly twenty-five million dollars a year for carrying mails. This is one-fourth of 1 per cent. on the total capitalization of the roads or at their market price about one-half of 1 per cent.

Texas has fifty-seven counties each larger than Rhode Island, two larger than Connecticut and one larger than Massachusetts. The area of Texas is more than equal to that of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and New England combined.

The sloop Wasp, now receiving repairs on Morgan's ways at New London, Conn., is probably one of the oldest boats afloat. In 1812 she gained a decisive victory over the British brig Frolic, and later in the war she captured the sloop of war Reindeer.

The Mercury tells that the manufacture of cream of tartar from grape pomace has become an important industry in Santa Clara county, Cal. This is all clear gain to the wine-makers, for it was formerly not only all thrown away, but cost a considerable sum for cartage.

Wanton slaughter of game continues in various parts of the state of Wyoming. Whole herds of elk and other game are being slaughtered, and even a number of the few remaining buffalo, supposed to be under the protection of the government, have been shot by the so-called sportsmen.

Professor Barnard of Montreal says that he is certain that the almost universal healthfulness of the French-Canadian farmer is due largely to his daily diet of pea soup. This soup, he says, is an almost certain remedy for constipation. We may thus find health in the soup—thereby putting disease in it, too.

As soon as the new military laws shall have come into full effect the German army will comprise 5,000,000 men; the French, 4,350,000; the Russian, 4,000,000; the Italian, 2,236,000; the Austrian, 1,900,000; the Swiss, 489,000, and the Belgian 285,000. Altogether Europe will be able to dispose of not less than 22,000,000 soldiers, or 15,000,000 more than she had in 1869.

The Engineering Magazine states that in 1860 the assessed value of property in the South was $5,200,000,000 out of a total of $12,000,000,000 in the entire country, or 44 per cent. In ten years there was a startling change. In 1870 the South had only $3,000,000,000 of assessed value, while the total for the whole country was $14,170,000,000. While the South grew poorer the North and West grew richer as never before. In 1860 the assessed value of property in Massachusetts was $777,150,000, as compared with $5,200,000,000 in the South; in 1870 Massachusetts had $1,500,000,000 of property and the South $3,000,000,000.

It is notorious, avers the New York Press, that press agents at Monte Carlo are subsidized by the managers of the great gambling establishment. When visitors are few and business is dull at the Casino, certain newspaper correspondents receive a substantial financial hint that a boom must be started. Reports are at once sent out of some lucky player winning large sums on the green table. The item appears in the journals of London, Paris and Berlin. Sometimes it finds its way across the cable and into the columns of newspapers on this side of the water. The effect is immediate. The tide of deluded fortune seekers sets at once towards the little independent principality, and the merry chink of gold again gladdens the ears and hearts of the croupiers.

Says the Kansas City Times: Morally inclined people in Great Britain have long endeavored to find a method of stopping public cursing, but until the other week they met with no success. They have discovered a law passed under George III. providing "for the suppression of profanity." The act makes a nice distinction in the matter of fines, for if the accused be only an ordinary English laborer he is charged one shilling per oath. If he is above the rank of laborer and hardly a gentleman, he is assessed two shillings, or a half-dollar, and if he is a full fledged gentleman his fine is five shillings. The first case under the revived act was that of a man in Wesbech, who uttered four blasphemous words in a public thoroughfare. He was fined one shilling for each oath and 13 shillings in costs.

### Building for Others.

What if I build for others,
And the walls of the building stand
Long after I am forgotten
By the dwellers within the land,
Long after the buildings have crumbled
That were founded upon the sand?

What if I build for others,
And the building shelters me not,
And within the home I have builded
I shall have no part or lot,
And the dwellers who have their homes there
Through all the time shall know me not?

Yet when the years shall have faded,
And beneath the roof tree's shade,
The children of generations
In their childish days have played,
And have passed from under the roof tree
And vanished into the shade;

Some dwellers beneath the roof tree,
Thinking of when it was new,
May say as his thoughts turn backward,
Keeping its age in view,
"The builder who built this building
Builded better than he knew.

And I, though I have passed onward,
Hearing the Master's call,
May know, though it may not matter
To me what the building befall,
It is better to have builded for others
Than not to have built at all.

—[E. N. Gunnison, in Boston Transcript.

## HOW THE ICE BROKE.

BY EMMA A. OPPER.

"They'll never get acquainted," said Mrs. Woodward—"never!"

"Who—Cal and Lucy?" Mr. Woodward queried, absently, busy with his managment of the colt.

They were going to town on necessary business, and Lucy Donner, Mr. Woodward's pretty niece, and Calvin Pierce, Mrs. Woodward's cousin, who were simultaneously visiting them—Lucy and Calvin left at home.

"Of course!" replied Mrs. Woodward, who was ambitious and energetic and motherly all together. "They will never get acquainted. Cal is so dignified and quiet, and—and all that; and Lucy is so shy—so very sweet, but so shy! They've been here a week today, but—"

"You're aching to hatch up a romance," said her husband with an unsympathetic snort of laughter. "Let 'em alone. Can't a girl and a fellow come near each other without—"

"Joe," said Mrs. Woodward, with tears in her kind eyes, "Cal is such a splendid fellow, and so rich, and Lucy is a dear girl and a poor school teacher!"

Her voice broke.

"If they could only break the ice once!" she said, despairingly.

Mr. Woodworth raised his brows and gave the colt a cut. Mr. Woodward was not a match maker.

Lucy was kneeling by the window in her room. Her hands dangled out of it. Her deeply blue eyes had a bright light in them, and her sweet face was healthily flushed. One week of new milk and fresh eggs had done wonders for her.

How green and shady and delightful was the yard below! How picturesque were the barn, with its wide-open doors, and the red beehives, and the well-house, and the grape arbor!

It was a little lonesome though. Lucy was accustomed to a flat, and the fact that the nearest house was a quarter of a mile away sometimes startled her. Uncle Joe and Aunt Kate were away this afternoon, too; they had just gone.

Where was Mr. Pierce? Lucy could not see him anywhere. Had he gone off, too? Oh, dear! She knew he had. And the hired man was away off in the "north lot."

Visions of tramps and other formidable objects rose before Lucy's startled eyes. She was trembling a little. She rose and went fluttering down stairs.

Mr. Pierce was not in the parlor. She called him timidly, without result. Then she stepped to the porch.

"Mr. Pierce!" she repeated.

He certainly was gone. She went down the walk and through the east yard and the leafy back yard, repeating her frightened call with tremulous frequency.

"What made him go off?" she reflected, indignantly. "He knew I'd be here all alone. He's perfectly—"

Horrid trembled on her tongue, but her tongue refused to utter it. A tall, masculine figure was coming up the road—a figure with a bundle on its back.

A tramp—a tramp, of course! What else? Lucy sprang toward the front door. A shrub impeded her, and she almost tripped on a root. She sped on, out of breath, and with her soft hair fallen loose, and brought up with sudden violence under the tallest elm tree in the east yard.

Mr. Pierce sat there serenely smiling, with a book face down on his knee.

"Did you hear me call?" Lucy gasped.

Mr. Pierce's smile broadened.

"I'm afraid so," he murmured, with an irresistibly drolly-apologetic gaze.

"You did it purposely!" said Lucy, reproachful and incredulous.

Mr. Pierce looked the comical embodiment of humiliation and remorse.

"You must be tired, racing around like that. Won't you sit down?" he begged.

"No, I won't!" said Lucy severely.

And then they laughed heartily in unison. The "tramp" went past slowly—old Mr. Mills, with a bag of potatoes on his back.

Lucy pinned up her disordered hair. Its soft tints took on golden beauty in the sifting sunlight.

"Do sit down!" said Calvin Pierce. And he spread his handkerchief on the grass beside him, and rather near to him.

"It was dreadfully mean of you!" said Lucy, smiling down upon him.

"I know it. I'm horribly sorry. Do sit down," he supplicated.

"I'll go in and get my scarf," said Lucy. "My dress is thin."

Mr. Pierce went, too, and took her arm to help her up the porch steps.

"Hello!" he ejaculated.

The front door had blown shut in their faces with a resounding bang.

"Now we're caught!" he cried, gleefully. "That door locks when it shuts, Miss Donner. Now what are you going to do?"

Lucy tried it. She was smiling considerably; but Mr. Pierce did not see it, her face being turned away.

"Dreadful!" she cried. "And I want my scarf, and my hat, and the rest of my box of candy, and a dozen things. I must have them!"

"The back door is locked, I'm certain. They always lock it when they go away," said Mr. Pierce. "Let's see."

The back door, when they reached it, was locked.

"We'll have to sit under the elms till they get home," Mr. Pierce averred, "or get through a window."

"We must get in," said Lucy, decisively, "and get the door open. They may not be home till suppertime. We must!"

"Your word is law," said Mrs. Woodward's cousin, with emphasis and a look.

"Thank you," said Mr. Woodward's niece, faintly blushing.

"The front windows are locked," Mr. Pierce observed. "I saw Kate lock them."

"And this one is rather high," said Lucy.

"Rather," he agreed. "I should need a hook-and-ladder."

"You might try the pantry window," Lucy suggested. "It's too bad to make you, but—"

"It is nothing," said Mr. Pierce, gallantly. "The pantry window? All right!"

The pantry window was not locked, but it held a wire screen. Mr. Pierce, standing on his toes, strove to remove it, and failed.

"Wait!" he said.

He went to the barn and came back with a wooden box and a hammer.

It was a serious undertaking. He hammered and pulled for five minutes, bruising his fingers and frowning.

"I'm so sorry!" Lucy murmured.

"Not at all," Mr. Pierce responded, with cheerful haste. The screw had yielded. "Now I can vault in, I think, without any trouble."

"Don't vault into the pies," said Lucy, catching sight of them on a shelf within.

Mr. Pierce sprang; Lucy heard a soft, ominous crash.

She was not looking, however. She turned and ran swiftly around the house and straight in at the front door; then, after a short, instinctive pause before the hall mirror, she walked demurely into the pantry.

"Oh, dear!" she said, sinking into a chair, in spasms of helpless laughter.

Mr. Pierce stood in the middle of the pantry, stiff and straight and unsmiling. A tin pan had rolled into a corner, and a fair share of its contents had rolled there, too—eggs; eggs crushed, eggs cracked and eggs uninjured. And Mr. Pierce bore the shocking marks of them on his heretofore immaculate trowsers—yes, even on his coatsleeves and his shining cuffs!

"I am sorry!" Lucy cried, aghast, and yet in obvious straits to suppress her laughter.

"It wasn't your fault," Mr. Pierce rejoined, promptly. "I miscalculated and landed in the eggs—that's all. Why—why"—his face grew suddenly blank. "How did you get in, Miss Donner?" he gasped.

One hand fluttered tremulously to Lucy's laughing lips.

"Through the front door," she faltered. "It wasn't locked; the catch is broken and doesn't work. But when you said we were locked out, I thought I wouldn't dispute you. I—I didn't dream you were going to get into the eggs!"

Her restrained mirth bubbled forth.

"Well," said Mr. Pierce, slowly, "we are even, Miss Donner, aren't we? We'll call it square, shan't we?"

He looked at her rather long—so long that Lucy grew pink.

Then he took a piece of apple-pie from a plate on a shelf and ate it. His eyes were shining and twinkling.

"I didn't know Miss Donner—Miss Lucy," he said, "that—you'll excuse me—that you had so much fun in you. I've been rather afraid of you all this time. Do you know it?"

"And I of you," Lucy answered, all but interrupting him, and feeling as though a big cloud had rolled past and left unspecked brightness.

And when Mr. Pierce held out his hand, half laughingly, half seriously, but withal, rather greedily, she laid hers in it.

A delightful, mingled odor of coffee and frying potatoes and toasting bread greeted Mr. and Mrs. Woodward when they drove into the yard at a quarter of 6 o'clock.

Lucy came to the kitchen door.

"Supper's ready," she said.

"Thanks to me!" said Mr. Pierce, looking out over her shoulder.

"My goodness!" Mrs. Woodward uttered.

But her husband chuckled.

"I guess the ice is broken," he observed—"cracked, anyhow."

Mrs. Woodward drove on to the barn with him for the purpose of saying something.

"Joe," she said, tremblingly, "I believe—I do believe—that they have begun to like each other! If they could—if they would! Oh, Joe!"

Joe looked back at the pair in the doorway with careful contemplation.

"Yes, I know the signs," he said, quietly. "Yes, dear, they have begun. And I don't mind owning that I'm a little glad myself."—[Saturday Night.

### Where Authorities Differed.

The reading class was standing in a stiff row upon the floor of an Indiana schoolhouse, and a bright little fellow was drawling a paragraph about a Roman massacre.

The president of the school board was present on his regular tour of inspection, and he pomposuly requested that the boy "read that verse again."

The "verse" was read again.

"Ah! hm!" said the great man in a loud voice. "Why do you pronounce that word massa-ker?"

The boy was silent.

"It should be pronounced massakre," continued the great man, with a patronizing smile.

The boy remained quiet, but the teacher finally spoke:

"Pardon, me, sir," she said, "but the fault is mine if the word was mispronounced. I have taught the class to pronounce it 'massa-ker.'"

"But why?" insisted the great man, as a look of surprise was followed by a look of pain upon his benign features.

"I believe that Webster favors that pronunciation," said the teacher, meekly.

"Impossible," said the great man.

The dictionary was brought, and the president of the school board turned over its leaves until he found the word. There was a breathless silence as he looked up.

"I am astonished, madam," he said at last, "that Daniel Webster should have made such a mistake as that."—[Harper's Young People.

### Stampeding Oxen.

"Many people who have been much on the plains in the ante-railroad days have seen stampedes of mules and horses," remarked L. T. Otero of Santa Fe, to a group of friends at the Laclede, "but by far the worst stampede is that of terrified oxen. When they are loose they will, if frightened, run over a precipice if it comes in their way, but if stampeded when hitched to wagons very few will escape. Once when on the Cimarron one of my ox teams became frightened, what at I never knew. The six oxen started off at breakneck speed, and the contagion was imparted to two other teams. The men tried to stop them, but they might as well have tried to check a mountain torrent. The oxen went on right across the country, with the heavy wagons rattling at their heels, and ran until nearly half of them fell dead from exhaustion. I used to think that a blooded horse was the only animal that would run itself to death, but after my experience I learned that it was no uncommon thing for a frightened ox to do."—[St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

### Not a Substitute.

When orange marmalade was first introduced, it was quite extensively advertised as an "excellent substitute for butter." A New Haven fishwife seeing the advertisement thought she would try a jar of the article. Next morning she presented herself to the shopkeeper in a state of great wrath.

"You auld villain!" she exclaimed; "what did ye mean by selling me that stuff last nicht? I neerly poisoned oor John wi't."

"Hoo wos that, ma'am?"

"Hoo wos that? Did ye no say it was a substitute for butter?"

"Yes."

"Weel, then, I used some o't to fry a bit of fish wi', and it made us a' as sick as cuddies!"—[Tit-Bits.

Farmers in Marin County (Cal.) are complaining of a weed which the cows eat and which gives a peculiar taste to the milk, so much so that in some districts the milk is unpalatable.

## STRANGE STEALING.

### Queer Ways of Thieves Described by a New York Official

### One Chap Arrested 25 Times For Pilfering Coats.

David S. Vitch, who has been clerk and official stenographer of the Court of Special Sessions in the New York Tombs Court since 1866, recalls in the Sun of that city some interesting reminiscenes of peculiar and ingenious forms of theft which have come under his observation during that time.

"The Court of Special Sessions has tried more than 150,000 cases," said Mr. Vitch, "during the twenty-six years that I have been connected with it, and I have kept a record, with a running comment, of all of them, some of which are peculiarly interesting.

"There was one disreputable-looking old man, a wiry, keen old fellow with a pinched and shrunken face, who was brought up not less than twenty-five times for the same offence. He was never known to steal anything but coats. He would hang around where a gang of workingmen were paving the streets, and when they had laid aside their coats he would point to a particular one and say to some little fellow: "Oh, sonny, bring me my coat over here, will you?" and the boy, thinking he was one of the workmen, would bring the coat to him.

"At Thanksgiving and Christmas the turkey thief plies his trade, in which, by the way, he develops unusual ingenuity. The most frequent case that has came up of this character is of the thief who carries a hooked pole on his shoulder, and as he passes a grocery store deftly captures his turkey, and whistling, jauntly swings on by. It is more difficult now than formerly to work this racket, however, as grocerymen have learned to keep a sharp eye on the man with the pole.

"A number of cases have been brought to our notice of clever knaves who impersonate policemen and arrest defenceless people, and then extort from them all the money they can get. One man kept this up for months before he was arrested, and worked the scheme in every part of the city. He would even let them off for fifty cents, or a quarter, if he was convinced that this was all he could wring from them, and most people rather than have any trouble would pay him. He was always particularly shrewd in selecting his victims.

"During public parades the shop thief is always ready to take advantage of the excitement, and frequently gets in his work in beautiful style. One man was arrested a number of times for stealing from a counter, at the same time purposely distracting the attention of the shopkeeper. He was known to raise a great noise in the street, and then disappear in the crowd with a ham or a turkey.

"There is an old Greek who keeps a small store on Duane street who has developed great skill in appropriating whatever is brought into the store, replacing it with something of inferior value. Only yesterday two girls went into the store carrying a basket containing a couple of chickens; upon leaving they discovered that the basket was much lighter, and upon investigation found that their good chickens had been exchanged for scrawny ones.

"The stage thief, I believe, has been written up a number of times. He confines his operations to the Fifth avenue stage. He always chances to get a seat next to the nickel box, and politely offers to accommodate passengers by placing their fare in the box. He is a very suave gentleman, and always manages instead to let the money drop into his pocket."

### Foot-Binding in China.

Still further proof that the Chinese woman is not a labor-burdened slave we find in the custom of foot-binding. This heathenish attempt to improve on God's best work of creation is said by one tradition to have begun with P'an Fei, a concubine of the Cu'i dynasty, 501 A. D., and by another to have begun with Yas Niang, a beautiful concubine of the last emperor of the Southern T'any dynasty, 975 A. D., whose feet were "cramped in the semblance of a new moon." Tradition also says that it originated with a beautiful princess who had club-feet, and by resorting to this method completely concealed her deformity. Still another tradition says it was resorted to by a crusty husband to keep his wife from "going a-gadding," and as it worked so well, it was resorted to by others, until, becoming a fashion, it was adopted by all. Wherever the custom may have originated, it is but little worse than the custom of ladies lacing in civilized countries, and adds as little in beauty to the person on whom it is practised. The best evidence attributes it to Yas Niang.

The evils of foot-binding—as, indeed, the evils of anything that interferes with the natural development of what God pronounced good—could not perhaps be exaggerated, but the pain connected with it might be, and perhaps has been. There is pain, great pain, when the feet are first bound; but if we judge from what we see about us every day, namely, little girls at play, and little beggar-girls running after us on the street begging for a cash—for the beggars bind their feet—we are compelled to say that it looks as if the pain connected with it is not severe. It is perhaps somewhat similar to that connected with the straightening of a club-foot; and as the bandages are not taken off at night, there is perhaps not much more pain suffered from it during a whole lifetime than that suffered by our ladies who wear tight boots.

While we would not exaggerate the pains of foot-binding, it is only just to say that nothing can be said in its favor. It no doubt adds to the woman's beauty in the eyes of the Chinese, for it is an all but universal custom, but it takes away all her grace of movement and much of her usefulness. She is compelled to walk on her heels, her knees being entirely stiff. It impairs her usefulness especially among the country people, for she helps to plant and harvest the grain; but as a mother, which is her principal business, it matters little whether she can walk or not. Indeed, wealthy ladies usually have a woman on each side of them to support them; though this is the result of fashion as much as of weakness.—[Harper's Bazar.

### Whims.

Children are supposed to be the most whimsical creatures in the world, and yet there have been grown men who were quite as much so as any child that ever lived. The writer knows a little girl who cannot go to sleep unless she has a piece of rubber held between her thumb and forefinger, which some persons consider to be whimsical in the extreme; but what have these to say of Haydn, one of the greatest of composers of music, who could not put two notes together until he had dressed himself in his best suit and had his hair powdered, and who declared that without a certain diamond ring, the gift of Frederick II. of Prussia, on his finger, he could not begin to work, since he could not summon a single idea into his head?

Other composers have been equally whimsical. Of Gluck it is said that when he felt himself in a humor to compose he had his piano-forte carried into a beautiful meadow, where, with a bottle of champagne on either side of him, he was able to do justice to his muse.

Another writer of music, Sarti, could compose only in a dark room, lit by a single candle. This peculiarity showed itself in his work, for most of it indicates that he was a man of gloomy imagination.

The best work of Paisiello was composed while that genius was in bed; and Sacchini declared that he never had any moments of inspiration except when his two favorite cats were sitting one upon each shoulder.—[Harper's Bazar.

### Wonders of Olden Times.

Nineveh was fourteen miles long and eight miles wide, the whole city surrounded by a wall 100 feet high, so thick as to furnish ample room for three chariots to be driven abreast around the top. Babylon was fifty miles within the walls, which were seventy-five feet thick and of the same height as those of Nineveh. This monster wall had twelve openings or gates, which were closed by enormous brass shutters every evening at sundown. The Temple of Diana at Ephesus, which was about an even hundred years in building, was 460 feet to the first support of the roof. The largest of the pyramids was originally 481 feet high and 853 on the sides, the base covering eleven acres. The stones, which are in 208 layers, average sixty feet in length. One account says that 350,000 worked for twenty years in fashioning the Titanic pile. The famous "Labyrinth of Egypt" contained 300 rooms or chambers and twelve halls. Thebes, Egypt, at the present time, presents ruins twenty-seven miles in circumference. The remains of many of the buildings, such as columns, arches, etc., are of such gigantic size that no known modern machinery would be equal to the task of taking them down, to say nothing of putting them in their present positions.—[St. Louis Republic.

### Strategy.

Small Boy—Mamma wants you to send her up two barrels of those apples she was lookin' at.

Dealer—All right, sonny.

"Say, couldn't you pour the two barrels into one big barrel?"

"Eh? What for?"

"Then she couldn't get it through the door of the lock closet."—[Good News.

Adam Bede is the editor of a paper at Duluth, Minn.

## PROMINENT PEOPLE.

CLEVELAND wears a 7½ hat.

MGR. SATOLLI'S title is "His Excellency."

THE CZAR of Russia personally spends about $10,000,000 a year.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S annual visit to the continent costs about $55,000.

SWINBURNE has written an ode concerning the Chicago World's Fair.

THE full name of the Populist Governor of Kansas is Loraine Demosthenes Lewelling.

IT was Sir William Harcourt who first bestowed upon Gladstone the title of "Grand Old Man."

HARRISON received during his term of office as President, for salary and allowances, the sum of $376,800.

THE late ex-President Hayes was wounded four times during the war, once almost fatally, and had three horses killed under him.

LORD WOLSELEY is credited with a desire to be Governor-General of Canada. Just now he commands Her Majesty's troops in Ireland.

A DECREE is officially published announcing the removal of the name of De. Cornelius Herz, the Panamiteur, from the roll of the Legion of Honor.

EDWARD H. PAYSON, of Salem, Mass., has filled the position of Cashier in one bank for sixty-seven years. He is ninety years old, and has just resigned his position.

THE Crown Prince of Roumania's allowance has been fixed at $120,000 a year, half of which is to come from his country and the other half from his uncle, King Charles.

IT is proposed that ex-President Hayes's portrait be placed on the Government Treasury notes before many months. The faces of Grant and Garfield have been so used.

THE late Bishop Phillips Brooks had a private business arrangement with a Boston photographer by which a royalty was paid on each photograph of his that was sold, the proceeds to be devoted to mission purposes.

CLEVELAND is the only honorary member of the Sigma Chi College Society. The initiation took place at his office in New York City. Rev. Dr. Gessler and Alfred Taylor gave him the grip of recognition and the fraternity pin.

EX-GOVERNOR J. M THAYER, of Nebraska, who created such a sensation two years ago by refusing to allow Governor Boyd to take possession of the office, is being sheltered by a poor soldier in the suburbs of Lincoln. He is penniless.

## THE QUEENSLAND FLOODS.

### Appalling Damage Done by the Rising Water.

A cablegram from Brisbane, Queensland, gave these particulars of the beginning of the floods there: The water is rising steadily in this city. The lower districts are completely submerged. In the lower portions of the main street it is twenty feet deep. The shops and their contents are almost a total loss, as the flood came on so rapidly that only a small portion of the stocks could be removed. Men are at work in boats trying to save the contents of the third and fourth stories before the water rises to them. The Brisbane River Bridge, which connected North and South Brisbane, was swept away last night. All the inhabitants are crowding to the highest parts of the city.

In consequence of the interruption of railway and telegraphic communication, only scanty information about the disasters in other parts of Queensland is obtainable. At Maryborough, in March County, thirty persons have been drowned. Most of the town is under water. The Mary River Bridge, the largest one in the colony, has been carried away. The town has been deserted by two-thirds of its inhabitants. Tiaro, another town on the Mary, is also under water.

At 4 o'clock in the morning the water round Brisbane began falling. The city is still isolated, however, and little news can be got from near-by towns. The list of dead grows hourly. Many bodies are being found in houses which were supposed to have been deserted.

## INDIANS SHOT DOWN.

### Swift Vengeance Visited Upon Two Strikes and His Followers.

Word was received at the Pine Ridge (South Dakota) Indian agency that four cowboys belonging to the Humphrey Ranch on the White River, had been murdered by Two Strikes, his two sons, White Face Horse and other members of the Indian band who were leaders in the troubles at Pine Ridge two years ago.

Acting Agent Captain Brown sent out twenty agency police in pursuit of the marauders. The police overtook the Indians, and in the conflict that ensued Two Strikes, his two sons and White Face Horse were shot down.

All the prominent Indian chiefs at the agency, Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Horse, Red Cloud and others, condemn the killing of the cowboys and say that every guilty Indian should be punished.

First Sergeant Joe Bush, who was in command of the agency police, has sent the following account of the battle:

"We found the Indians camped down near No-Waters Camp. As soon as they saw us they began firing and we opened fire in return. I killed one Indian as he was going up the hill; Sergant Sitting Bear, one Policeman Red Owl killed one, and Sergeant Blunt Horn killed one."

## NEWS FROM HAWAII.

### Honolulu Under Martial Law, and the Kanakas Disarmed.

The sugar bark Robert Lewis has arrived at San Francisco, Cal., from Honolulu, Hawaii, bringing news two days later than that brought by the Claudine. Captain W. G. Goodman, of the Lewis, in an interview said:

"When we left, Honolulu was really under martial law. All the available marines from the Boston had been landed, and the city was virtually in their hands.

"The whites are all in favor of the new Government, but the Kanakas are violently opposed to it. To guard against trouble from the Kanakas they have been disarmed.

"The marines from the Boston are supposed to be guarding the American Consulate, but in reality they are watching the palace and the royal residence, and no one can gain entrance to it without a pass signed by President Dole.

"The Provisional Government has been recognized by all the foreign Consuls. The British Consul recognized it with the proviso that his action be approved by the Home Government.

"Minister Stevens's recognition on the part of the United States is absolute, and he does not make any qualification about the attitude of his own Government."

## CAPTURED BY A MOB.

### A Hundred Killed and Six Hundred Wounded at Bogota.

Private advices from Bogota state that the recent riot there was much more serious than at first reported. It is said that there was a severe and sanguinary battle between the populace and the police.

The mob defeated the police and held possession of the city for two days. Then the National troops were called out, and martial law was proclaimed. The soldiers succeeded in restoring order, and the leaders of the mob were arrested and executed. Altogether about 100 persons were killed and from 500 to 600 wounded in the conflict.

THERE were 212 railroad accidents in the United States in December, of which 107 resulted from collisions, ninety-five from derailments and ten from other causes. Two hundred and twenty-nine persons were injured and forty-one killed.

## A NEW HAMPSHIRE HORROR.

### Forty-four Persons Burned in the Dover Insane Asylum.

The insane asylum of Strafford County workhouse, about four miles out of Dover, N. H., was entirely destroyed by fire a few nights ago, and forty-four of the inmates were burned to death. The building was a two-story wooden affair, 130x35, and burned like tinder, and only three of the inmates—Rose Sanborn, James Dailey and Frank Ducharme—were rescued.

In making his rounds shortly after 10 o'clock Night Watchman Wilbur Chesley discovered the fire. He at once gave an alarm, and William P. Driscoll, the keeper, and attendants rushed through the inmates' quarters, which were mainly on the second floor. They burst the locks to the cells and tried to arouse the inmates to their serious danger.

The fire had gained a rapid headway and the majority of the inmates were so bewildered and confused that they stopped the escape of the others. The scene was heartrending.

Keeper Driscoll used every possible effort to liberate the inmates and remained in the building until he was obliged to jump for his life.

He sprang from a second-story window in order to save himself. A messenger was at once despatched to Dover for assistance, and a steamer and part of the department was sent to the scene. Before assistance arrived the building was in ruins. By the efforts of the firemen the main building of the county institution was saved.

The fire brightly illuminated the country for many miles. The inmates could be plainly seen as they tossed about in the fire. The fire was first discovered in a cell occupied by a woman named La Fonlan. It was very small, but Watchman Chesley says that it spread with a rapidity that was astonishing, and before he had given the alarm to Keeper Driscoll it was almost beyond control.

The two broke the locks of the fifty cells, and then one of them got his wife and two children, who lived in the building, out in their night clothing.

The smoking ruins showed the charred bodies still laying on their beds. How the building caught fire is a mystery.

## NEBRASKA'S NEW SENATOR.

### Allen, Populist, Elected With the Aid of the Democrats.

William V. Allen, Populist, was elected United States Senator from Nebraska to succeed Senator Paddock, on joint ballot of the Legislature at Lincoln. The vote for Paddock, Republican, was fifty-seven. All the Independents and Democrats voted for Allen. His election was then made unanimous. On the winning ballot he received seventy votes, four more than necessary to a choice.

William Vincent Allen was born at Midway, Madison County, Ohio, Jan. 28, 1847. In 1855 he moved to Iowa and he enlisted at the age of fifteen years with Company G, Thirty-second Regiment, N. G. Iowa, in the Civil War. He carried a musket for three years. He next studied law with L. L. Ainsworth, of West Union, Iowa. Nine years ago he came to Nebraska, locating at Madison, his present home. His conversion to the populist idea of politics occurred during the campaign of 1890 and since that time he has been enthusiastic and pronounced in the advocacy of the party's principles. In the fall of 1891 he was nominated by the Populists for Judge of the Ninth Judicial District, and was elected. Previous to his going over to the Populists he was a Republican and was a member of the State Convention of 1890 and took an earnest and active part in that famous campaign, stumping the State for his party ticket and doing splendid work for it. Judge Allen is an enthusiastic Grand Army man, and on every possible occasion gives evidence of his love for the old soldiers, taking prominent parts in the State and district encampments. He is a giant in stature, and it is said his mental calibre is consistent with his physical make up.

## UNIQUE COAST DEFENDER.

### The Armor-Plated Ram Katahdin Launched at Bath, Me.

The twin-screw, armor-plated harbor defense ram Katahdin, built upon the design of Rear-Admiral Ammen, was launched a few days ago from the yards of the Bath (Me.) Iron Works. General Hyde, of the works, was the host of the occasion.

Among those present were: Assistant Secretary of the Navy Soley, Miss Soley, Senators Hale and Frye and Messrs. Dawson, S. V. White, of New York. The Cramps sent regrets. The Maine Legislature was present in a body. Rear-Admiral Ammen was prevented by illness from attending. Miss Soley christened the vessel.

The peculiar feature of the new ram consists of a number of tanks which when filled with air give her a convenient freeboard for coasting service, but when filled with water they depress her so that her turtle-back deck is awash. She is intended purely as a weapon of offense against an attacking fleet, and her mission will be to sink battle-ships or cruisers. She will mount only a few small guns of a rapid-firing pattern, intended to keep off torpedo-boats.

The lower portion of the hull is dish-shape up to a short knuckle which runs all around the vessel six inches below the normal water line. Above this knuckle the shape of the hull is a circular arc. This curve deck will be armor plated throughout. Above this deck, when the ram is completed, will rise only a conning tower, a smokestack and a ventilator.

The quarters for officers and crew are all within the armored hull and they will be fitted with a complete system of electric lighting, artificial ventilation and drainage.

## A GENERAL EXECUTED.

### He Refused to Lead Mexican Troops Against the Indians.

A telegram from Guaymas, Mexico, announces the shooting by court martial of General Jouquoin Urez, commander of the Third Federal zone. A band of Indians attacked the hacienda Los Mercedes, belonging to Senor Tapia, broke into the field and drove away thirty head of cattle. As soon as forces composed of Captain Luna's Rurales, Federal soldiers, and some servants of the ranches could be got ready they started in pursuit of the Indians.

The latter proceeded slowly, satisfied, perhaps, that they were in sufficient numbers to resist the attack, and were soon overtaken by the advance.

It is said that Captain Luna, as soon as he came in sight of the Indians calculated their numbers and position and informed the officer commanding the Federals, asking his co-operation to attack them and rescue the plunder. This General Urez declined to do, and the Yaquis escaped.

Captain Luna laid the matter before the Federal authorities, and upon the above statement General Urez, commander of the Federal troops, was court-martialed and immediately executed.

## ICY RAILS CAUSE A WRECK.

### Two Men Killed, One Fatally Injured and Others Hurt.

A disastrous wreck occurred at Williams's Station, Penn., on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. Two men were killed, another fatally injured, and several others badly hurt. Those killed were:

John Nex, conductor, married, lived at Connellsville. George Wallace, engineer, married; lived at Connellsville.

The badly injured were:

William Niland, of Glenwood, a fireman, fatally. Conductor Dunlap and Flagman Grimes, both badly injured.

The rest of the crew were injured. The accident was caused by the icy rails, which rendered the train unmanageable. At the foot of the mountain the train crashed into another freight, and both trains were wrecked. Twenty-four cars were demolished.

# The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.


## A GOOD FARMER.

A good farmer should never depend upon his neighbors for what he can, by care and good management, raise on his own farm. He should not beg fruit when he can plant or graft; he should not borrow tools or vehicles when he can make or buy them, for among the many wastes on a farm, this waste of time is among the worst. In the first place he has to take time in going to borrow them and then often take valuable time in taking them back; then there is the waste of the neighbor's time and money by keeping the tools in repair for some one else to wear out, and the only benefit the lender gets out of it is being called "a good neighbor," for if he has tools to lend he does not need to borrow.

The CAROLINIAN is well aware that all farmers cannot be independent, but a good farmer will as fast as he is able, provide himself with suitable farming tools, and, again, a good farmer will never undertake to till more land than he can thoroughly cultivate. It is the aim of too many farmers to get as many acres into crop as possible; giving too little attention to the matter as to how they are put in.

For example: one man will put in forty or fifty acres in corn, while his neighbor will put in one-half that area and get as many bushels, and perhaps more. The farmer should have in mind that well tilled land is constantly improving, while that which is only half tilled is growing poorer every day. The good farmer attends to the tillage.

## THE SUPREM COURT APPOINTMENT.

The CAROLINIAN thinks that the nomination of Judge Jackson for the Supreme Court, all things considered, is one that defies just criticism from the standpoint of broad public policy. Instead of pursuing a course which might have led to unseemly wrangling and contention the President has risen superior to mere party considerations, and has endeavored to take the Supreme Court out of politics. As Judge Jackson is both a conservative and able man, this is one among the many acts which will make the Harrison Administration notable for its excellence.

Mr. Obector Holman is a great success in his roll of Democracy's "Old Man of the Sea." They want to unload him so badly that they are kept awake nights, but they fear that all the penny wise members of the party will roar in unison if he is not continued as Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations. As he never would be guilty of so accommodating a thing as to die in this emergency there is no end of trouble following in his wake.

The New York World remarks that "in spite of the herculean efforts the Republican leaders to prevent uncle Sam from trading with other nations, his foreign commerce in 18- was greater than in 1891 by about 50,000,000." There were Democratic Free Traders, including the editor, who awhile ago were a clamorous ring that Republican protection would utterly destroy our foreign trade.

In the trenchent words of Senator Aldrich, Protection insures respect, education, opportunity for study and incentive for advance. It is a question of ethics and morals as well as of pockets. It gives education, inspiration, hope and ambition. The man who takes away the light and life of the American home commits a crime against the State for which there can be no punishment too severe.

Grant's birthday, in April, will be celebrated by the famous "306," who responded by him for a third nomination, in the Republican National Convention, in 1880. The ranks are considerably thinned out by the passage of a dozen years.

The selection by Mr. Cleveland of Judge Gresham, a disgruntled and rebellious Republican, for Secretary of War, is causing a feeling of intense disgust and dissatisfaction among the Southern Democrats. The situation is getting interesting.

Hawaii, with its balmy air and perennial flowers, may yet be one of the great American summer resorts.

Cholera and crinoline appear to be the evils of which the world is most afraid. It is difficult to choose between them.

It is not likely that Hawaii will go to England simply because a dethroned Queen has made the offer.

The passing word in the speeches of Democratic statesmen since election is "tariff."

## WILL WIN IN THE END.

George William Curtis, the celebrated constitutional lawyer, who repudiated the Democratic platform in the late campaign, because of the party's position on the tariff question, says the Democrats won because they appealed to the low prejudice of the so-called "poor" against the so-called "rich." The victory was in no sense the triumph of a principle. He says that the enactment of what is usually termed a tariff for revenue only is an impossibility, and that the Democrats will be forced either to let the present law alone or to enact a bad and injudicious law that will flood the country with foreign made goods. In either case they will be in bad order with the people in a very short time, Mr. Curtis is more than ever convinced that the Republican position is the correct one, and it will certainly win in the end.

## TROUBLE ABOUT THE CABINET.

It is reported that Mr. Cleveland is having much worry and trouble in selecting his Cabinet; that the men he really wants decline to accept, while those urged upon him he don't want. It is said that he has had more Cabinet declinations than all the Presidents since Lincoln. It has leaked out that the real reason is that he has the reputation of being too dictatorial and domineering in his treatment of his constitutional advisors. They recall the remark of the late Justice Lamar as he was leaving the White House on a Cabinet day when he was secretary of the Interior: "I am glad," he is quoted as saying, "that we will not have to meet the master again for another week." And Don M. Dickinson made this statement to a friend recently; "I am through with playing clerk to any man, even a man whom I like so much as I do Mr. Cleveland. I am willing to run my legs off for him so long as I can occupy an independent position, but I cannot be inducted to become a member of his official family."

Men who have never served with Mr. Cleveland have heard these stories, and the result has been that the majority are averse to occupying a position in his Cabinet.

Somebody dolefully inquires: "Who will wear the mantles laid down by the great men who have recently passed away?" The answer is easy; the great men who are now alive will wear them. They will not be too big either. The world is full of great men, and the United States has a full share of them. The opportunity will develop them.

A President need not cease being President as soon as he learns of his defeat for reelection. Mr. Harrison gives indications of an intention of going about his business until the 4th of March.

## The Legislature.

Very little general legislation yet done. There have been over 800 bills and resolutions introduced and only about 140 have passed—the most of them being private corporation and local bills. Among the general acts are the following: An act to require clerks of Superior Courts to keep records of justices of the peace, to repeal the laws of '91 relative to executors and administrators pleading the statute of limitations; to require County Superintendents of Public Instruction to secure information as to the number of deaf, dumb and blind children in their respective counties. As to the Public Printing, it was decided to let it to the lowest bidder. This is what the Republicans asked two years ago. It would have saved the state $4,500 annually. A strong effort is being made to pass a bill to require Railroad Companies to furnish separate cars for whites and for blacks.

## Time for Business.

Progressive Farmer.

The legislature has been in session just one month. We have seen many bills introduced. Banks, churches and towns have been incorporated. Dog tax has been discussed. The farmers have been given some fatherly advice. A great many bills of no value have been introduced and passed or tabled. The tariff on wildcats has been reduced to a "revenue basis." Many petitions have been presented to prevent the sale of liquor near the Barium Springs Orphanage, signed by people who vote for liquor to be sold right at their own doors every election. Also bills to allow the "free passage of fish" in this or that stream, when really the entire legislature armed with shot guns couldn't prevent fish from going up the stream. We have seen all this, yet we have not seen a single bill introduced that has any connection with resemblance to the platform that this legislature was elected upon. It is high time that something was done. The legislature should either shoot or give up its gun.

The Newberne Journal states that Mr. Wilson Sawyer, of Perquimans county, was drowned at Beaufort yesterday. He and a comrade, Mr. Edward Lupton, of Beaufort county, were attempting to board the schooner Moore, in the harbor, and the yawl boat which they were in swamped. Mr. Lupton caught the anchor chain of the schooner and was rescued.

If you are melancholly or down with the blues you need Simmons Liver Regulator.

The Washington Gazette says: It is reported on good authority that one of our fishermen down the river caught 10,000 pounds of catfish at one haul last week.

## WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 1893.

Mr. Cleveland is certainly trying hard to dictate legislation to the present Congress. There is good reason for the assertion that the proposed radical amendments to the pension laws, which were when first offered voted down by the House committe on Appropriations, and this week adopted by that committee, are the result of direct orders from him. Mr. Holman joined the Republican members of the committee in protecting and voting against these amendments which are to be offered to the pension appropriation bill when it comes up in the House, but they were outvoted. These amendments are first, for the transfer of the pension bureau to the War Department and the detail of army officers to serve as commissioners; second to suspend all pensions paid to pensioners not disabled by wounds who have an annual income in excess of $600 a year; third to suspend all pensions paid to widows of soldiers who were not married to them within five years after the close of the war; fourth to suspend all pensions, except those for total disabilities, now paid alien non-residents. Whatever may be done by the next Congress it may be set down as certain that those amendments will never be adopted by this Congress. It is believed that the purpose in offering them is to feel the pulse of the public on the pension question.

A majority of the House Judiciary committee has at last agreed to the report of the Homestead investigation which was prepared by Representative Oates, chairman of the subcommittee which made the investigation. This report will not make enjoyable reading for Democratic editors who made the Homestead trouble the basis for partisan editorials, during the late campaign, for it says that the tariff had nothing to do with the troubles and that the strikers were the aggressors. It also condemns the use of the Pinkertons and says that such agencies should never be employed without consent of the State. There are two minority reports, one condemning the use of the Pinkertons and the other an augument in favor of compulsory state arbitration laws.

The ease with which two or three men tie up the House whenever they are so disposed has created a sentiment which makes it certain that the rules adopted by the next House will permit the majority of the House to do business when it wishes to and to squelch fillibustering. In fact it is a common thing to hear Democrats in the House abuse the present rules and wish for a few days of the much cursed Reed rules of the Fifty-first Congress.

It is now certain that the appropriations of this Congress will be at least $50,000,000 in excess of those made by the last Republican Congress, which, by the way, is no longer referred to by the Democrats as the "billion dollar Congress." Now these gentlemen see that Secretary Charles Foster was right when he said "this is a billion dollar country."

Senator Chandler had a little fun with his Democratic colleagues this week by twitting them for their failure to live up to their national platform. The only reply came from Senator Harris, of Tennessee, who declared that he is not, never had been and never would be the slave of a National platform.

In accordance with the Constitution a joint session of the Senate and House was held on the second Wednesday of February and the electoral votes cast by the forty-four States were officially counted and the result announced. There were no disputes and the event passed off very quietly.

The Hawaiian negotiations are still going on, but as they are secret there is nothing new to report.

For wakefulness, weakness or lack of energy take Simmons Liver Regulator.

## Not a State's Rights Democrat

Washington Correspondent.

"Judge Jackson," said Senator Washburne, of Minnesota, "is not an old State rights Democrat, as has been reported. He comes of old Whig stock, and I have no doubt that on all political questions he will vote with the Republicans. He was a Union man during the war, which proves conclusively that he never was a believer in the State rights doctrine. Judge Jackson is a man of great ability, and his appointment is a most excellent one. Republicans who are criticising President Harrison for not appointing a member of his own party are too hasty. I doubt if any Republican Mr. Harrison could have nominated would have been confirmed. There is no limit to debate in the Senate, you know, and the Democrats could easily prevent a vote upon any nomination between now and the fourth of March.

An Old Story—Look at a human being under the influence of that terrible torture, rheumatism. Trivial symptoms were neglected, until the disease became established, whereas all the long suffering could have been prevented by promptly using Salvation Oil. Price 25 cents.

## A Leader.

Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in favor, until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medicinal tonics and alteratives—containing nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of stomach, liver or kidneys. It will cure sick headache, indigestion, constipation and drive malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded. Price only 50 cents per bottle. Sold by Wadsworth.

Bishop Lyman, of this State, was married to Miss Susan Robertson, of Charleston, S. C., on the 9th inst.

Nervousness is from dyspepsia. Take Simmons Liver Regulator and be cured.

## A Short Tariff Sermon.

"A government of the people, for the people and by the people," is the word of Abraham Lincoln—a noble idea which we do not always reach, but which it is well to have in view, shining on our pathway like a star in the sky.

We had the Declaration of Independence, with its grand statement of man's inalienable right to "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness," yet chattel slavery lasted with it well nigh a century. But at last came freedom for the slave, the ideas of that declaration melting his fetters.

So we imperfectly realize in practice the ideal of Lincoln, yet it helps us and we work toward it. Sometimes the people make mistakes, but a little time brings "a sober second thought" which corrects them.

There is a popular jealousy of banks, capitalists and corporations, sometimes just, sometimes unjust, but awakening a watchfulness which is well for all. There is a jealousy against the policy of protection to home industry as favoring monopolists at the cost of the people—a grave mistake which time and experience will surely correct. Experience shows its error and proves Protection to be preeminently for the people's good. Under it capital thrives in safety—a thrift and safety which its ally, labor, shares, for the welfare of these two is inseparable.

A single illustration from our national experience will suffice—one of many which have no contradiction.

In 1824-28 we moved toward protection. In 1832 President Andrew Jackson, in his annual message to Congress, said: "Our country presents on every side marks of prosperity and happiness, unequaled, perhaps, in any other portion of the world."

Daniel Webster said that the relief of the country was "profound and general, reaching all classes."

Then came the compromise tariff of 1833, a step toward free trade, and thousands were out of employ—farmers without a market, sheriff's sales frequenc at ruinous prices, horses in Ohio at $2 each, as the Guernsey Times reported, for instance.

So it has been and so it is; other causes helping or hindering, but protection always helping to uphft the common lot.

## A Few Facts and Figures,

Exchange.

The official figures show that a change of 27,426 votes would have elected Harrison instead of Cleveland, Below are nine States with the electoral vote of each which were carried by Cleveland, with the change of vote in each that would have given them to Harrison:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| California | 8 | 121 |
| Delaware | 3 | 259 |
| Idaho | 8 | 816 |
| Illinois | 24 | 13,496 |
| Indiana | 15 | 4,445 |
| Kansas | 10 | 2,832 |
| North Dakota | 3 | 92 |
| Wisconsin | 12 | 3,273 |
| West Virginia | 6 | 2,092 |
| Totals | 84 | 27,426 |

For distressing oppression and fullness in the stomach take Simmons Liver Regulator.

## Its no New Thing.

Judge Jackson was asked the other day: "Do you think the President should have let Cleveland appoint Justice Lamar's successor?" His reply was: "Not at all. It is no new thing for a retiring President to make such appointments. President John Adams appointed Chief Justice Marshall only two days before the inauguration of Thomas Jefferson, who objected to such action seriously, and President Jackson appointed Justice Catron and had him confirmed the morning of March 4th only a few hours before he retired from the Presidential chair. The appointment of a Democrat by a Republican President seems a good step towards removing the court from the realm of politics, with which it should not have the least connection."


COMPLETE MANHOOD AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.

At last a medical work that tells the causes, describes the effects, points the remedy. This is scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful, medical book that has appeared for years; 96 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tints. Some of the subjects treated are Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc.

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## Reply to a Letter.

NEW YORK, January 30, 1893.

DEAR SIR:—Your letter came duly to hand, saying that you would like to solicit shad for me at 50 cents per box, I to furnish stencils &c. In reply would say that 50 cents seems a very small amount, and when fish are bringing a good price most any Commission man could work that amount out of a box of shad and the shipper never be the wiser; but this is not my way of doing business; therefore I most respectfully decline your offer. Often times, in the latter part of the season when fish are very cheap, my commiss on will not amount to 50 cents a box, and surely the fish cannot stand having anything taken off then, and if I pay a man 50 cents for getting me the box where do I come in for my commission to pay me for my work? I have heard of dealers who pay the price you ask, and I have no doubt you can find those who will engage you at your figures, but hardly any *first-class* house would or does do this kind of business, for if he attends to his business and does the very best he can by his shippers, he will get all the fish he wants to handle. Again declining your offer and thanking you for the interest you have taken in my behalf, I remain very respectfully yours,

A. W. HAFF,
12 Fulton Market


$65 A MONTH AND BOARD for 3 AGENTS—Teachers, Students, Ministers, or Bright Young Men or Ladies in each county, to take orders for the MOST POPULAR NEW BOOK of the year. Above salary or highest commissions paid. Exclusive territory and 30 days credit given. Send for circular and terms to Agents. P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 115 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

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Is more WATERPROOF,
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Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.


## VALUABLE PRIZES, FREE.

We are just in receipt of a very attractive Almanac for 1893, which, while it contains some very instructive reading, and all the almanac information for 1893, also contains a very unique and interesting contest, in which the publishers propose to give 102 valuable and useful articles to the successful contestants. The plan of the contest is to find seven superfluous figures scattered through the almanac, and make up a number which is to be the same as the number which the publishers have adopted, and is made up from the seven figures above mentioned. Try it; you will find it very interesting. The publishers will furnish you with the rules and all necessary information. Address The Dr. H. S. Thacher Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn. Mention this paper.

## Incorporation Notice.

North Carolina, } In the Superior Court
Dare County. }

NOTICE is hereby given that articles of incorporation of the Albemarle and Pamlico Cruising and Hunting Association having been filed and recorded in the Clerk's office of the Superior Court in the county aforesaid, and the said association having complied with sections 677 and 678, chapter 16, vol. 1, of the Code of North Carolina, have been declared, under authority of section 679 of the Code of North Carolina, "The Albemarle and Pamlico Cruising and Hunting Association." The articles of agreement being (in substance) as follows:

The undersigned, of full age and citizens of the United States, being desirous of associating themselves into a private corporation, pursuant to the laws of the State of North Carolina, do certify as follows:

1. That the name of said incorporators are as follows: Herbert A. Weeks, Edward F. Weeks and James H. Kidd.

2. The said private corporation shall be kuown by the name of "Albemarle and Pamlico Cruising and Hunting Association" and its principal office is to be located at Manteo, Dare county, and State of North Carolina, and its general purposes are to do cruising in steam and sailing vessels for pleasure and profit.

3. The amount of capital stock shall be eight thousand $(8,000) dollars, and the number of shares into which it is divided is twenty at a par value of four hundred ($400) dollars for each share.

4. The said incorporators, viz: Herbert A. Weeks, Edward F. Weeks and James H. Kidd will each own two shares of said stock upon the incorporation of said Association, they having subscribed and paid for the same.

5. The principal officers shall be a President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer, who shall also constitute the board of trustees.

6. The officers aforesaid shall be elected annually by ballot at the annual meeting designated by the by-laws, by a majority vote of said share-holders, in person or by proxy, and each share of stock shall be entitled to one single vote.

7. The annual meeting for election of officers and all matters and things relating to or affecting special meetings, vacancies, resignations, and rules and regulations affecting the government and social conduct of said club or association, shall be regulated by the by-laws adopted by a majority vote of said share-holders. The first annual meeting of said association shall be called on the second Wednesday of April 1893, and annually thereafter.

8. The said stockholders of the corporation shall not be individually liable for its debts.

9. The term of existence of said corporation is to be thirty years.

In witness whereof I here unto set my hand and the seal of the Superior Court of Dare County, this the 6th day of January 1893.

[Seal] JOHN W. EVANS,
Clerk Superior Court,
Dare County, N. C.


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GET THE BEST.
WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY
Fully Abreast of the Times.
A Choice Gift.
A Grand Family Educator.
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In every town in each state to sell our Solid Columbian Silver Table Knives and Forks; these goods are not plated goods but solid, and will hold their color equal to sterling silver goods and will cost only about one-quarter the prices of solid sterling silver. The goods are sold by agents only and we warrant them to stand the test of years or refund the money, a guarantee will go with each dozen and backed up by an old reliable company which has the reputation of making the best goods on the market. Samples sent on reciept of 25 cents, for which we will forward you our prices and discount to agents. Agents make from 10 to 25 dollars per day.
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Unionville, Conn.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the
Best in the World.
See descriptive advertisement which will appear in this paper.
Take no Substitute, but insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by
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Highest Market Price Paid for
COTTON SEED.
Carload Lots taken from any Point in Eastern North Carolina or Virginia.
BAGS FURNISHED.
OTTON SEED MEAL,
COTTON SEED HULLS
For Sale or Exchange for Seed.
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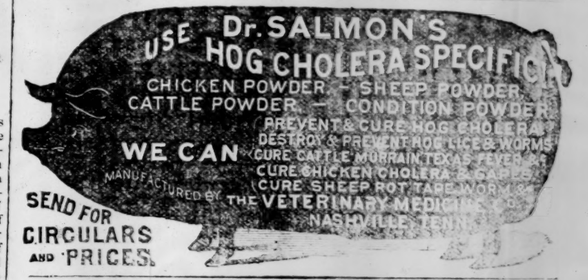
Tarboro, N. C.
*Mills at Shiloh, on Tar River. For Prices and Terms write to E. V. ZOELLER, Secretary and Treasurer.*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CHICKEN POWDER. SHEEP POWDER.
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SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND PRICES.

Great Western ORGAN
Handsomer Than Ever. Finest of All.
Solid Walnut, Burled Panels, Elegant Finish.
A MAGNIFICENT ORGAN with a pure singing tone, from the softest whisper of a flute, to the grand harmony of an orchestra. 10 stops, 5 octaves, 4 sets of reeds and double coupiers.
NEW STYLE 21 With Stool & Instructor ONLY $80
AND WE PAY THE FREIGHT.
Phillips & Crew Co., Atlanta, Ga.

NO CURE NO PAY
ON RECEIPT OF 50 CENTS
WE WILL MAIL A BOX OF
TETTERINE!
THE ONLY INFALLIBLE CURE FOR
Tetter, Ground Itch, Itching Piles, Ring Worm and all Itching Skin Diseases.
If you have TETTER, it matters not how long it has existed, TETTERINE will as certainly cure you as you use it.
Harmless, Painless and Fragrant.
MONEY Refunded if you are dissatisfied with the results—References—Southern Bank of the State of Georgia, Chatham Bank, and National Bank of Savannah.
J. T. SHUPTRINE & BRO.
SAVANNAH, GA.

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is a choice blend of fine, high-grade Chinese Tea. Put up in attractive and original packages and packed in handsome counter display boxes of six pounds each (either size); is only sold in packages, at a reasonable and much lower price to the consumer than any other package tea on the market of any merit whatever and affords the dealer a fair profit; is a thoroughly reliable, first-class article, absolutely pure, always the same; free from dust.
DEALERS
will find the Five and Ten Cent packages the cheapest and most salable package tea on the market and consumers pronounce it "the best and most economical." Kin-Go Tea is convenient to handle, easy to sell and has proved a big success wherever introduced.
We are extremely anxious to have all dealers stock this tea, and earnestly request that you include a few boxes with your next order to your wholesale house; or order direct of us, we will see that you are supplied. For further information address
THE KIN-GO TEA CO., Baltimore, Md.

Dr. DIFFUSIBLE TONIC GRANT'S SPECIFIC FOR ALL FEVERS
The Only Remedy of its Kind.
RELIEVES AT ONCE
all Feverish conditions. When used promptly, in the first stages, will prevent Malarial Fever, Typhoid Fever, Yellow Fever, and quickly relieves all serious conditions in Hay Fever, Measles, Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria.
*Guaranteed to Break up Chills and Fever, Ague Colds and LaGrippe at once. No Bad Effects.*
A Medical Record Without Parallel: *Yellow Fever, Jacksonville, Fla., 1888; Typhoid Fever, Neenah, Mich., 1889; Malarial Fever, Chills and Fever, Colds, Scarlet Fever, Measles and Influenza or LaGrippe.*
The Proprietor's guarantee with $1.00 bottles.
Sold by Druggists at 50c and $1 per bottle.
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THE STEAM produced by the process of cooking cannot escape, is absorbed by the article in the roaster, and acts as a basting. There is no evaporation, no drying up or burning, hence no shrinkage or loss of weight, and all the flavor and nutritious qualities of the food are retained. Tough meats are made tender, and any article roasted or baked will be sweeter, healthier and more digestible. Put the food in the roaster, place the roaster in a well heated oven; the roaster will do the cooking. It requires no attention. Can only be bought from dealers, the trade supplied by:
MATTHAI, INGRAM & CO.,
120 HANOVER ST., BALTIMORE, MD.
64 READE ST., NEW YORK.

P. P. P.
The PROVIDENTIAL PILE PREPARATION is sold under a positive guarantee to cure any case of Piles if our directions are followed. For sale by your druggist, or post paid on receipt of price, $1.00, and our guarantee to refund same if no cure follows our directions. References, any Bank in the United States.
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No. 3. Front sectional view showing portion of one wall galvanized for compartment, filled in white.
THE ONLY CLEANABLE REFRIGERATOR
The greatest economy of ice. The lowest average consumption.
If your dealer does not sell the "Gurney," send for Catalogue and Prices.
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THE PEERLESS REMEDY
Salvation Oil Try it. Only 25 Cts.

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SYMPTOMS OF LIVER DISEASE:

Loss of appetite; bad breath; bad taste in the mouth; tongue coated; pain under the shoulder-blade; in the back or side—often mistaken for rheumatism; sour stomach with flatulency and water-brash; indigestion; bowels lax and costive by turns; headache, with dull, heavy sensation; restlessness, with sensation of having left something undone which ought to have been done; fullness after eating; bad temper; blues; tired feeling; yellow appearance of skin and eyes; dizziness, etc.

Not all, but always some of these indicate want of action of the Liver. For

A Safe, Reliable Remedy

that can do no harm and has never been known to fail to do good,

Take Simmons Liver Regulator

AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR—

Malaria, Bowel Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Kidney Affections, Jaundice, Mental Depression, Colic.

A PHYSICIAN'S OPINION.

"I have been practicing medicine for twenty years and have never been able to put up a vegetable compound that would, like Simmons Liver Regulator, promptly and effectually move the Liver to action, and at the same time aid (instead of weakening) the digestive and assimilative powers of the system."

L. M. HINTON, M. D., Washington, Ark.

ONLY GENUINE

Has our Z Stamp in red on front of wrapper.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.


## STORY.

### THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners—[illegible] Davis, Geo. W. Cobb, C. W. Overman, E. M. Banks and W. G. Underwood. Treasurer—G. M. Whitehurst. Clerk—E. M. Underwood. Constable and Collector—[illegible] Spires. Attorney—W. J. [illegible]. Street Commissioner—Monroe [illegible]. The Commissioners—C. E. Kramer, Scott Bell.

Collector of Customs—Palemon John [illegible]. Inspector—C. Gurkin.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. [illegible] W. W. Griggs and W. J. [illegible]. Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesday in each month at corner of Road [illegible] Streets.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. J. W. Stiff, Pastor, [illegible]. Rev. C. S. Blackwell, Pastor, Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. F. H. Johnston, Pastor.

Another Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder [illegible], Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder [illegible], Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic, Eureka Lodge, No. 317—Dr. [illegible] Griggs W. M., D. B. Bradford [illegible], and C. S. Kramer Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—[illegible] Bright, N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer,

Regular Encampment: Tiber Creek Council, [illegible] Selby Garney, Regent T. [illegible], Vice Regent; E. M. Underwood, Secretary. [illegible] Overman, Secretary. [illegible] W. J. Woodley, [illegible] R. Parrish, Chaplain; W. C. [illegible] W. W. Mann, Sentry; [illegible] Grande; C. E. Kramer, [illegible] Grand Council.

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulford, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary; W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Engle, Dictator; J. H. Burgess, Reporter; J. P. Overman, Treasurer.

U. S. Benevolent Fraternity—J. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

### THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lister, Elliott Whitehurst, Rufus Scott, M. W. Bufkins. Sheriff, Thos. P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, Seth P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Jno. S. Morris. Board of Education: W. J. Griffin, R. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep


—MISCELLANEOUS.—

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Attorney-at-Law.
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Collections promptly made, Will practice in State and Federal Courts

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Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State.

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SHOEMAKER
Shop North of Poindexter Street Bridge, near the Depot
Repairing, Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

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Under the Old Stand on Road Street
ELIZABETH City, N. C.

T. M. COOK,
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East Main Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Joe Davis,
DEALER IN COAL
COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
Orders filled Promptly.
All coal is screened before leaving the yard, Lowest prices guaranteed.
Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C



# North Carolinian.

Wednesday, February 15, 1893.


☞The Lenten season begins to-day.

☞The CAROLINIAN repeats: Diversify.

☞Yesterday was St. Valentine's, and his devotees didn't all forget it.

☞Preparations are being made to plant a considerable area in Irish potatoes.

☞The Newberne Fair will open on next Monday, the 20th, and continue during the week.

☞Senator Abbott has introduced a bill to incorporate the Elizabeth City and Camden Ferry Company.

☞There is complaints that many have lost their sweet potatoes from freezing during the late severe cold weather.

☞Mr. W. P. Ossington, a few years ago proprietor of the Albemarle hotel here, died last week at Buffalo City, Dare county.

☞Big catches of fish, good crops and plenty of fruit—let us have all these and it will matter very little who hold the offices.

☞The Spring term of the Courts of this district will begin at Currituck on March 6, Judge John G. Bynum, of the 10th district, presiding.

☞Mr. W. H. Russell and Miss Mary Relf, both of Providence, this county, were married by M. B. Culpepper, J. P., on the 9th inst.

☞The schooner Isabella M. Sawyer was sunk at the mouth of Scuppernong river on the 25th of January, having been cut through by ice.

☞We inquired the other day of a gentlemad who had voted the Democratic ticket and just returned from Raleigh, "What is the Legislature doing?" "Nothing for the good of the people," was the reply.

☞Mr. R. M. Holloway, of Gudger, reports that he found an iron Buoy, marked "No. 4," floating on the ice, on its breaking up, near Lee's Fishery, between Big and Scuppernong Rivers, and that he towed it to shore and made it fast.

☞The location of Elizabeth City is favorable for business, for trade, and for manufacturing; and in no town in all Eastern North Carolina is there more enterprise. Improvement and growth are steadily going on all the while.

☞It is reported that Congresman Branch is being deluged with petitions from his "hungry and thirsty" office-seeking constituents. With a dozen applicants for many of the places, he is troubled to know how to reconcile and retain the good will of the eleven who get "left."

☞The Rapids City, S. D., *Republican*, of the 2nd inst, contains a lengthy account of a man on trial for his life who was successfully defended by our former townsman W. O. Temple esq., now a member of the Rapids City bar. The reporter gives a synopsis of Mr. Temple's speech, and states: "The argument of W. O. Temple esq., for the defense, occupying some two hours, was a remarkably strong, exhaustive and eloquent effort."

☞Richard Etheredge, Keeper of Pea Island Life-Saving Station, reports that the Patrol picked up a bottle on the 9th inst, enclosing the following note:

"January 22, 1893.

Cape Henry, bearing West, and ice as far out to sea as the eye can see. We have been to anchor on Lynn Haven Roads, and like to lost the vessel dragged to sea. Schooner Lester A. Lewis, bound from Brunswick to Philadelphia. Benjamin Warren, Mate, I. W. Berges, Master.

☞A Washington county patron, on forwarding his subscription, writes:

Times are very bad, but I cannot do without the CAROLINIAN. Good cheer to you in your noble efforts to promote true Republicanism.

Another subscriber from Hertford county says:

I am glad to see no change in the tone of the CAROLINIAN since the defeat, but that it continues "preaching the gospel" of political truth as ably and earnestly as ever.

The editor of the CAROLINIAN has convictions—earnest and wellgrounded, and, as an honest man, he cannot go counter to them. He is not a time-server, and never has been, nor can he

"Crook the pregnant hinges of the knee
That thrift may follow fawning."

He is a Republican from principle, and while he will give the incoming Administration credit for all of good that it accomplishes, he will freely criticise it, when, in his judgment, it merits it.

☞Every truth which it is possible for a man to know it is good for him to know.


—FOUND! The greatest Bargain store in town at Robinson & Co.'s

☞Cotton at Norfolk: Good middling 9 3-16; middling, 8¼; low middling 8 7-16; good ordinary, 8¼. Corn, 53.

.....Try Robinson & Co.'s French Peas, California Peaches, Cherries, Apricotts and Pears,


☞The CAROLINIAN thanks Lieut. W. A. Failing for a copy of the late report of the Life-Saving Service. They are always read with interest,

☞Rev. M. P. Hawkins, pastor of the A. M. E. Zion Church, desires, through the CAROLINIAN to thank the friends who so kindly helped him during the illness of his son.

☞The Washington Gazette says; "W. A. Moore, a very intelligent colored man of this town, has been granted license to practice law at this bar."


—BEFORE YOU TRAVEL call upon M. B. Culpepper, Ticket Agent, Elizabeth City, N. C., or address Arthur G. Lewis, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, 10 Main street, Norfolk Va.

—Ladies and Misses Newmarkets, $2.50 each at Fowler & Co.'s. They were carried over from last year and must be sold. Also a lot of children's cloaks, size from from four to six years, from $1.25 up.

—THE ROYAL BLUE LINE is the finest and fastest Railroad in the world. Address Arthur G. Lewis, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Norfolk, Va., or apply to M. B. Culpepper, Elizabeth City, N. C., for lowest rates to all points.

—Our store is all Stove Up; that is to say we've got our stoves up for inspection in such quantity that they fill one side of our store. Robinson & Co.

—A nice assortment of fine black dress goods at reduced prices at Fowler & Co.'s If you can't call and examine send for samples.


☞Every household should by all means be supplied with a good newspaper; and those that are furnish facilities for education of the children that cannot be surpassed. Newspapers are great educators of the people.


—A lot of boys suits at $1.25 a suit and a few boys overcoats at $1.25 each a Fowler & Co.'s to close, also a lot of broken sizes in men's suits that will be sold a cut price.


☞Too few of our farmers have any faith in their business, or care to invest a cent beyond the point where they can see an immediate prospect of selling something. They are wonderfully economical at the spile, while their ultimate profits are flowing away at the bunghole.


—You risk nothing in buying of Robinson & Co. All goods are warranted.


☞The "Caret," published at Newport News, Va., thus of a whilom citizen of this place:

"Mr. A. M. Matics, now of Hampton, Va., is more than an ordinary instructor in public matters as pertain to our country. And we hope he may be remembered and brought before our law-makers in the near future. He will make a splendid Congressman."


PHOTOGRAPHS. Mr. Viggo Lund, in charge of ENGLE'S PICTURE GALLERY, on Water street, is prepared to take all kinds of Pictures in the latest and best styles. Call and examine specimens and get price


☞The CAROLINIAN favors every intelligent movement toward better public roads, and fully endorses the statement of the Newberne Journal that any farmer would rather live in a country where there are good roads, so he can get his goods to market when prices are most favorable; any merchant would rather live in acountry where there are good roads, so his customers can come and trade with him at all times of the year; a physician would rather live in a country of good roads, so that he can much easier make professional calls; any minister, any teacher, any professional man, any artisan—in short, anybody and everybody—prefers to live in a community of good roads.

☞The CAROLINIAN contends that there should be no waste ground upon the farm. When there is such it depreciates the whole profit that the farm can earn, because there is some expense in the way of interest and taxes for which no return is made. As a general thing this can be remedied and the so called waste places made productive to some degree, or at least, self-supporting. It may require a little outlay to accomplish this—some expenditure in the way of clearing or draining, or, perhaps, manuring, in order to get a crop started. Then the waste place may serve for a pasture lot, or, if too small for this, some fruit trees may be planted. At least have it occupied in some way, and it can hardly fail to earn some money.

## LOCAL MENTION

Did you get a Valentine?—The weather isn't settled yet.—Do you know the man whose alphabet always begins with the third vowel?—Mr. Harry Failing, of New York, is here on a visit to his brother, Lieut. W. A. Failing.—Plane men, carpenters.—The convert is astonished to find how *blase* the older members are.—Miss Mary Griggs is off on a visit to Snow Hill, this State.—Work on the new iron bridge over Poindexter creek is now in progress. Until finished, excepting for pedesterian, it will be impassable. Vehicles to and from the depot must cross at Kramer's mill.—The town ordinances have been so amended as to permit the sale of fish on the streets at any hour. The stalls at the fish market will continue open.—Mrs. Ida Bosworth, of Pennsylvania, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Dr. Underwood, on Water street.—When a keen-edged weapon loses its temper it becomes duller; but it is not so with a woman, she cuts sharper than ever.—We acknowledge a pleasant visit the other day from our esteemed friend Richard S. Daniels. He is one of the "Old Guard" Republicans and continues sound in the faith. His reminiscenes always interest us.—An "Epworth League" has been formed here with Mr. R. O. Preyor as President, and Mr. Jas. Y. Old Vice President.—The Saunterer, witnessing an umbrella scene during a brisk breeze the other day, says it recalled an old quadruplet:

The winter wind greets with a whiz
The old umbrella stout;
He likes to see what kind it is
And turns it inside out.

—When a man has a boil he is in condition to keep his family in "hot water"—Mr. R. G. Mitchell, of Edenton, was in the city on Thursday and contracted with Mr. Carter to do the necessary painting of his large store room on Water street. He leaves this week for New York to purchase his Elizabeth City stock,—Mr. J. C. Meekins, Sr., of Columbia, was here on Friday and give the CAROLINAN a call. He is one of the most prominent citizens of Tyrell.—A number of ladies here as well as at other places have lost a number of their flowering plants this winter.—When a man begins by saying: "of course it is none of my business, but," it is a sign that he is going to make it his business,—Mr. H. B. Clark, of Washington, this State, is about to locate here. He will take a position as salesman with Mr. R. J. Mitchell when the latter opens his store on Water street. The Washington *Progress* says of him: "Mr. Clark is a clever fellow and we regret to see him and his family leave our city." The CAROLINIAN extends a cordial welcome.—The Versifier thus alludes to one of the tricks of the trade:

Barbers, it cannot be denied,
Are honest fellows; but
When e'er they chance to cut your hide,
They try to hide your cut.

—The steamer "Camille," belonging to Kramer Brothers & Co., has been overhauled and enlarged at Snell's ways on Dry Point.—Mrs. Alex Bond of Edenton is visiting her nephew, Mr. S. S. Barcliff, on Elliott street.—For an annual fee of $3 you may become an honorary member of the Pasquotank Rifles, entitling you to the priviledges of the reading and club rooms.—The steamer "Sophia Wood" of Edenton, is on Pailin's ways for repairs and painting.—Avoid the man who wants to get rich right away without steadily working up.—The Rambler counted fifteen new buildings in course of construction and learns that several more are soon to be started.—The entertainment at the Opera House on Friday night, for the benefit of the Pasquotank Rifles, was financially a success.—Fresh herrings in market.—The CAROLINIAN tenders condolence to Rev. M. P. Hawkins, pastor of the A. M. E. Zion Church, in the loss of his son elsewhere mentioned. He was a bright and promising youth, aged 14 years, 11 months and 20 days.—It happened in the First Ward. "All is well," said the nurse. "Boy or girl?" inquired the anxious young husband. "Twin girls," replied the nurse. "Gemini!" was the exlamation that followed.—We had very pleasant calls yesterday from Mr. S. W. Woodley, of Washington county; Mr. N. H. Swain, the effiicient Assistant at Wade's Point Light, and Josiah Nicholson of Belvidere. Always glad to see our friends.—Mr. T. N. Banks brought in a nice catch of shad yesterday, caught at the mouth of Little River, for which he got 50 cents a piece.—The postponed Christmas festivities of the Methodist Sunday School will take place to-night.—Solicitor J. H. Blount was in town yesterday.—A Skating Rink has been opened at the Old Armory.—There was a literary and musical Entertainment at the Court House last night for the benefit of the Confederate Soldiers' Monument Association; and also a pleasant and enjoyable Sociable at the residence of Mr. and Mrs D. S. Kramer, on Main street.


Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE


### OBITUARY.

Thaddeus S. Hawkins, eldest son of Rev. M. P. Hawkins, departed this life, after a short illness, on the morning of February 11, 1893.

By his death, the bereaved parents have lost a dutiful, amiable and obedient son, and the Elizabeth City State Normal School, of which he was a student, an honest, faithful and energetic member. His teachers and schoolmates will miss him sadly; and we feel that in his death his race has lost one who evinced evidence of future usefulness. We sympathise with the bereaved family, and commend them to the fostering care of Him in whom we all should trust.

### STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

One of the most frequent causes of cold is the sudden changes of temperature. Most persons at such times have not the prudence to meet this change by putting on heavier clothing and consequently the only way out of the trouble, which might have been easily avoided, is to take Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and be cured.


**Guaranteed Cure**

We authorize our advertised druggrist to sell Dr King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, upon this condition; If you are afflicted with a cough, cold or any lung, throat or chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at Alex Wadsworth's Drug store. Large size 50c and $1.


The Congregational Church, Washburn Seminary and two other buildings at Beaufort, were burned on the 9th inst.


If you would be rid of chills and fever take Simmons Liver Regulator

First-Class Brick: The "Thompson Brick Works" manufacture the best brick for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and are "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N.C

REPAIRING
OF
Fine Watches
AND
JEWELRY,
go to LOUIS SELIG, the Jeweler, on Water street.
ENGRAVING
a specialty. ☞The highest prices paid for old Gold and Silver.

-- P. EWELL, --
Practical Watch-maker and Jeweler
Will keep constantly on hand a fine line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, &c. Any article not in stock will be furnished on short notice at reduced price. I guarantee to sell any article in my line as cheap, if not cheaper, than can be bought in any first-class establishment in the Northern cities. All goods guaranteed as represented upon forfeit of double price paid.
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO Repairing, and all work guaranteed for twelve months.
SEE SIGN BIG WATCH
Water St, (next door to Overman's co
Elizabeth City, N. C,
19 Years Experience at Bench

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH

NEW FURNITURE STORE
We have opened a large first-class Furniture Store in the room recently occupied by J. Y. Old & son, on Water street We have a large and nicely selected stock of all kinds of
FURNITURE
AND
FURNISHING GOODS
which will be sold at "bottom prices." ☞Goods will also be sold on the instalment plan,
T. B. WILSON & CO



—TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.
Schedule in Effect June 1st, 1891.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays,) leave Elizabeth City at 11.58 A. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M., Northbound, daily except Sunday, leave Elizabeth City at 2.35 P. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9.00 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk. Connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamers for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong Rivers. Transfer steamer to Mackey's Ferry, thence by N. & S. R. R. to Roper, Plymouth and Belle Haven; connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Bay River, South Creek, &c

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal Points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH
FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant Steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M., for Newberne, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c., and with the R. & D. R. R. train for Raleigh, Greensboro, &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale on board Steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., Pratt street Station; Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 2, North river.

For further information apply to T. Selby Harney, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Norfolk, Va,

M. K. KING, General Manager. H. G. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt

Hotels.

New Albemarle House,
C. W. Grice & Bro, Props
Corner Main and Road Sts,
Elizabeth City, N C.
First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights. Free Bus.
TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day.

HOTEL MERRIAM.
WATER STREET,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.
J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.
HERTFORD, N. C.
Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.
Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel
Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON, N. C.
This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public.
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired
Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers
Terms Reasonable.
J L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

- PATENTS. -
Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.
OUR OFFICE is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents" with names of actual clients in any State sent free. Address,
C. A. Snow & Co.
OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,
Wahington, D C

$16 TO $21

TYLER DESK CO.,
ST. LOUIS, MO
Our Mammoth Catalogue of BANK COUNTERS, DESKS, and other OFFICE FURNITURE for 1893 now ready. New Goods. New Styles in Desks, Tables, Chairs, Book Cases, Cabinets, &c., &c., and at matchless prices, as above indicated. Our goods are well-known and sold freely in every country that speaks English. Catalogues free. Postage 12c.

$3000 Each any fairly intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write, and who after instruction, will work industriously. Year in their own localities, wherever they live. I will also furnish the situation of employment at which you can earn that amount. No money for me unless successful as above. Easily and quickly learned. I desire but one worker from each district or county. I have already taught and provided with employment a large number, who are making over $3000 a year each. It's NEW and SOLID. Full particulars FREE. Address at once, E. C. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.



DRUM MAJOR
OF THE Grocery Business.
RIGHT AT THE HEAD OF THE PROCESSION!
EXTREME LOW PRICES! FAIR SQUARE DEALING!
16 oz. Pounds.
DOING JUST AS WE ADVERTISE!
KEEPING GOOD THINGS TO EAT FOR EVERYBODY!

Putting Go in attractive style. Cleanliness and promptness. Buying for cash and selling for cash. These are a few of the many reasons for our

GETTING THERE!

Our music is a little hard for some of our brother grocers to dance to, but we can't help that. They are too slow. We can't wait. Life is too short. DON'T BE A SNAIL, Join the procession; Go with the crowd and buy your.

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Tin-ware,
Paints, Oil Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Plaster
Hair, Shingles, &c.

ROBINSON & CO
Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, NC

WE POINT WITH PRIDE!

To one of the nicest new stores and the largest line of fresh new seasonable novelties ever brought to this section of the Old North State. We are now located in our new quarters on Water Street, near the corner of Main, and have just returned from the factories with the

LARGEST LINE OF CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS TRUNKS, &c., it has ever been our pleasure to offer an appreciative public. We have done business in Elizabeth City for a number of years and fully understand what the people want. We have struck the nail on the head this year, both as to

LOWER PRICES AND HIGHER QUALITY!

We invite an inspection of these goods and promise satisfaction to each and every customer. Remember that we are now located in our new quarters on Water street near Main, where we will bid you a hearty welcome.

R. SALOMONSKY

J. B. FLORA. JAS. G. MORRISETTE.

J. B. FLORA & CO.

AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO AND SNUFF AT FACTORY PRICE

That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months, Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continues to increase.

Here's Food for Thought

in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have family to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for twenty yea and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy to be be served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay you

To Examine Our Stock of

Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery Paints, Oils, Lead Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandlery Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.

Quotations Cheerfully Given. Lowest Prices Guaranteed.

New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C.

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS
AND SHOES.
Ever shown in Elizabeth City are now open for your examination at

FOWLER & CO'S

WITH PRICES TO PLEASE BOTH AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE

Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,

Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.

Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.

THE BEST PEOPLE

are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, Once one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.

All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods, in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality.

MOSES WEISEL.
WATER ST. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Furniure, Waers and Stationery.
☞I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of☜
Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.
Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low
If you Want to Save Money Call and See Me
P. W. MELICK.
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

THREE Pozzoni's POINTS
COMPLEXION
POWDER: SAFE; CURATIVE; BEAUTIFYING. 1.2.3.
THREE White, Flesh, Brunette. POZZONI'S All Druggists and Fancy Stores. TINTS

WE ARE BLOWING GLASS

For a little while, though we are not Glass-blowers. In plain words we are talking up our

STOCK OF GLASSWARE

which all [illegible] is the finest in the city, as it certainly is the cheapest. Glassware, is, however, only no feature [illegible] stock. We have the most complete

"THE FAIR"
WATER - - - - - STREET,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

COLLECTION OF CROCKERY

ever put on this market. In variety of styles and designs, in variety of wares, in extent of stock our

COLLECTION OF CHINA

and other ware is without a possible rival. We would also call your attention to our complete line in Notions, Books, Stationary, Pictures, Toys, Novelties, &c., &c,

### The Power of Water.

"A Southern Engineer" contributes a valuable article on "Geology and the Mississippi Problem" to the Engineering Magazine. In it he says:

We find in water the only tireless agent that works in the modification of continents; and instead of being the great renovator of the land, as it is popularly conceived, it is the great destroyer. The destruction of ancient Rome has been attributed to time. But it was due simply to the moisture of the atmosphere working through chemical agencies. It was water, invisible but penetrating even the very stones of the wonderful city, that caused her to crumble to ruins, and gave to modern Rome a grade greatly elevated above her ancient grade. But it works not alone in the cities and towns. There is not a hill on earth that has not been shorn of some of its altitude by this subtle force, and there is not a mountain on earth, if not fitfully renewed by volcanic action, that has not been compelled to lower its peak before this universal leveler of the exalted. It may be a dreadful thought, indeed, but we do not know absolutely that we are not dependent on the earthquake and the volcano for keeping our continental habitat above the level of the ocean; for water not only destroys, but it has the persistency and force to carry off to its burial place in the sea all that it has caused to perish. It may take a long time at its task, but working either in its gaseous, its liquid, or its solid form, it seems to be the most persistent thing on earth, never perishing, and, however divided and invisible at times, always ready to unite its forces for a supreme effort at the degradation of a continent.

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Canon Carr may now be said to be the wealthiest clergyman in England, he having inherited the vast estates of Sir William Evans, the Derbyshire Baronet who died some weeks since. The Canon was connected with the late Baronet by marriage only.

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England has revived an old law against swearing.


### An Important Difference.

To make it apparent to thousands who think themselves ill, that they are not affected with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

---

### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

---

Disease is unnatural and is but the proof that we are abusing Nature. It is claimed that Garfield Tea, a simple herb remedy, helps Nature to overcome this abuse.

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FOR COUGHS AND THROAT DISORDERS use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. "Have never changed my mind respecting them, except I think better of that which I began by thinking well of."—*Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.* Sold only in boxes.

---

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle.

*Mr. Wm. Wade*
Of Lowell.


## INDIGESTION RELIEVED

*Good Appetite and Good Health Restored by HOOD'S*

Mr. Wm. Wade, the well known boot and shoe dealer at 17 Merrimack St., near the Postoffice, Lowell, says:

"When I find *a good thing* I feel like praising it, and I know from personal experience that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a fine medicine. I have for a good many years been seriously troubled with

**Distress in My Stomach**

and indigestion. I had medical advice, prescriptions and various medicines, but my trouble was not relieved. At last I thought would try Hood's Sarsaparilla and I must say *the effect was surprising.* Soon after I began taking it I found great relief, and now

**Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures**

eat without having that terrible distress, also rest well at night and am in good health for all of which I thank *Hood's Sarsaparilla.*" WM. WADE.

**Hood's Pills** are the best liver invigorator and cathartic. Purely vegetable.

---

**Dr. Kilmer's**
**SWAMP-ROOT**

M. H. McCOY,
Van Wert, Ohio.

**Acted like Magic!**

**Suffered Years with Kidneys and Liver.**

**LIFE WAS A BURDEN!**

Mr. McCoy is a wealthy and influential citizen of Van Wert, and a man known for miles around. See what he says:—

"For years I was a terrible sufferer with Kidney and Liver trouble, also **nervous prostration** and **poor health** in general. I was all run down and life a burden. I tried **physicians** and every available remedy, but **found no relief.** Was induced to give Swamp-Root a trial, which acted like magic, and to-day I am **entirely cured** and as good a man as ever. It is without question the **greatest remedy** in the world. Any one in doubt of this statement can address me below."

M. H. McCOY, Van Wert, Ohio.

SWAMP-ROOT — Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if you are not benefited, Druggist will refund to you the price paid. "Invalids' Guide to Health" free and thousands of Testimonials. Consultation free. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. At Druggists, 50c. and $1.00 Size.


## THE BARK ALICE WRECKED.

### The Sea Smashed Her Lifeboat and Drowned Four Seamen.

### Her Crew Saved by the Breeches Buoy Appliances.

A most exciting shipwreck occurred at 9:30 o'clock a few nights ago north of Life Saving Station 21, which is thirty miles south of Barnegat Inlet, off the New Jersey coast. The weather was very thick, and the patrolmen could see but a short distance seaward. The second watch left the station house at 8 o'clock, and were walking backward and forward over their beat at about 11 o'clock, when they made out the outlines of a vessel flying head on toward the bar.

The patrolmen ran to the station and called Keeper Sprague, who called out his crew and ran out the life saving apparatus. The vessel, which when first seen was less than a quarter of a mile off the bar, had in the mean time struck and was fast, with the high seas washing over her. Her masts and rigging were being carried away fast. The seas were running so high that there was no hope of getting a boat out to her. Keeper Sprague ordered out the Lyle gun and charged it. It was aimed well. The guy line was shot across the bow of the vessel, and it was found and seized by the vessel's crew, and they hauled the heavy cable to which the other end was attached on board. The sand anchor was buried by the life savers and a breeches buoy was sent out. The vessel's crew were hauled ashore one by one. It was 3 o'clock in the morning when the last man got ashore.

The vessel proved to be the Norwegian bark Alice, Captain Jacob Jacobson, bound from Dunkirk, France, for New York, in ballast. The Captain reported that soon after they struck and before the guy line was shot over the boat an effort was made to launch one of the ship's boats. The cable parted and the boat was lost. Another boat was lowered and sailors began to get into her when a heavy sea struck her and smashed her to atoms, and the four seamen who had succeeded in getting into the boat were swept away. There were seventeen all told who were brought ashore by the life savers with the breeches buoy.

Peter Eland was the only seaman who was in the first boat, which met disaster before she was fairly launched. The boat did not capsize, and Eland managed to row and drift north, and landed near Cedar Creek life saving station, twenty miles distant from the wreck.

Before leaving his boat Captain Jacobson had the foremast cut away to make the vessel lie easier. Soon after she struck the mainmast fell. That afternoon the vessel was bilged and will be a total loss. The sea is washing high and strong over the bark's hull, tearing away all her upper works.

The Alice left Dunkirk December 21 for New York. She is a double-decker and has a registered tonnage of 977. She was built in Maine and hails from Avendal, Norway. Her crew were all Norwegians.

## DE LESSEPS SENTENCED.

### Five Years in Prison and a Fine for the Panama Infamy.

COUNT FERDINAND DE LESSEPS.

Sentences were imposed at Paris upon the prisoners in the French Panama trial and Count Ferdinand de Lesseps now occupies a felon's cell in the eyes of the law.

Expectation that the sentences of the prisoners would be delivered brought eager crowds to the Court of Appeals. The approaches to the court were filled to the last niche by noon, and five minutes after the doors were thrown open the room was packed to suffocation.

President Judge Perivier read the decision after having dismissed the prisoners' plea that they should benefit by the statute of limitation. The charge of fraudulent proceedings against Ferdinand de Lesseps, Charles de Lesseps, Henry Cottu and Marius Fontano was held to be proved. On this point the judgment referred to the company's methods in issuing loans, the mendacious official bulletins, and the persistent puffing done by the press at the instance of the directors. These practices, the judgment said, when not directly originated or endorsed by the directors, had been connived at by them.

Ferdinand de Lesseps, aided and abetted by his son Charles, M. Cottu, and M. Fontane, had persistently concealed the operations of the canal company, in order that the quotation of shares might not be affected unfavorably. The directors had dealt with underwriting syndicates, which, as far as their utility was concerned, were fictitious and were known to be fictitious. In underwriting loans these syndicates had taken upon themselves no risks, and yet they had received enormous sums from the company. The expenses necessarily attendant upon the issue of loans had been grossly exaggerated by the directors, and this exaggeration also constituted a fraudulent act.

In dealing with Gustave Eiffel's breach of trust the decision said that M. Eiffel had received $24,000,000 for the construction of ten locks, and had promised to complete them by 1890. The evidence had shown that he had not even purchased the specified materials necessary in the construction of these locks; in fact, he had bought in France all told but $245,000 worth of material. He had pretended furthermore to fulfill the obligations he had undertaken, while, in reality, he was simply misappropriating the funds.

In conclusion Judge Perivier read these sentences:

Ferdinand de Lesseps, five years' imprisonment and $600 fine.

Charles de Lesseps, five years' imprisonment and $600 fine.

Marius Fontane, two years' imprisonment and $600 fine.

Henry Cottu, two years' imprisonment and $600 fine.

Gustave Eiffel, two years' imprisonment and $4000 fine.

The sentencing of the prisoners in the Panama trial caused the utmost consternation. Mme. De Lesseps probably will not communicate the news to her husband unless compelled by circumstances to do so.

The general belief is that the sentence will never be executed against him. The fines imposed were the utmost legal penalty, but they will not prevent action at law to recover the money squandered.

## THE CHILEAN AWARD.

### Beneficiaries Receive Sums Ranging From $10,000 to $300.

The Secretary of the Navy has approved the findings in regard to the distribution of the Chilean award for the families of those killed and injured at Valparaiso, October 16, 1891, in the attack on the seamen of the Baltimore. The Board arranged the casualties into four classes, and assigned a proportionate amount of the $75,000 as follows:

To the families of those killed, namely, Charles W. Riggin, boatswain's mate, and Wm. Turnoub, coal heaver, $10,000 each.

To those seriously injured: Jeremiah Anderson, coal heaver, $5500; John Hamilton, carpenter's mate, $5000; John W. Talbot, seaman's apprentice, $4000; John H. Davidson, landsman, $3000; George Panter, coal heaver, $2500; William Lacey, coal heaver, $2000; Herman Fredericks, seaman, $1500; Henry C. Jarrett, seaman, $1500; John McBride, oiler, $1500; John Butler, seaman apprentice, $1500.

To those assaulted and detained in prison, eighteen in number, sums ranging from $1200 down to $700. To those arrested or slightly injured, twenty-three in number, sums ranging from $500 down to $300.

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THE famous great ocean tubular pier at Long Branch, N. J., is to be torn down and the material will be sold for old iron. The pier was erected in 1878 by a company of which the Lelands and the late ex-Judge Fitch of New York held the most of the stock. Its original cost was about $125,000.

## THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

### Eastern and Middle States.

AT McConnellsville, N. Y., a snow plow ran into the rear of a freight train, which was stalled in the snow. The plow was crushed by the collision and two men inside were killed.

WALLACE W. HOLMES, the wife murderer, was hanged a few days since at Springfield, Mass.

A FIRE of suspicious origin in a tenement-house in New York City caused the death of three persons in one family and the serious injury of three others.

THE Rev. Dr. W. J. Tucker, Professor of sacred rhetoric at Andover Theological Seminary, was unanimously elected President of Dartmouth College.

EDWARD H. M. JUST, a wealthy New York City property owner and retired manufacturer, committed suicide in his office after mourning many years for his wife and children, who were lost with the steamship Schiller.

MRS. WILLIAM C. WHITNEY, the wife of the ex-Secretary of the Navy, died suddenly of heart disease at her home in New York City. Mrs. Flora Payne Whitney was the daughter of Henry B. Payne, of Cleveland, recently United States Senator from Ohio.

MISS SALLIE CLARINDA KOOP, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who was bridesmaid at her twin sister's wedding a few days ago, committed suicide by shooting herself four times, first having taken an ounce of chloroform.

AN explosion of gas in a tenement in New York City caused the death of W. R. Patterson, burned and otherwise injured nineteen persons and destroyed the interior of the building by fire.

MRS. ARMSTRONG and her infant child were struck and killed by a train at Shannock, R. I.

THE Old Colony Railroad has been purchased by the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad subject to ratification by the stockholders' vote.

WILLIAM WALTER PHELPS was unanimously confirmed by the New Jersey Senate at Trenton as Law Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals.

### South and West.

THE blizzard in North Dakota created a fuel famine, and the people are burning their old sheds and fences.

SEVERE storms were reported from the West and Northwest.

THE overdue steamship City of Peking arrived at San Francisco, Cal.; she was delayed by the breaking of her shaft.

### Washington.

THE Commissioners from Hawaii, who bring with them the request of the provisional Government for annexation to the United States, arrived in Washington.

THE Agricultural Appropriation bill, as completed by the House Committee, carried an appropriation of $3,189,890, a reduction of $33,360 as compared with the bill for the current fiscal year, and $125,700 below the estimates.

THE first interview between Secretary Foster and the Hawaiian Annexation Commissioners was held in the diplomatic parlor of the State Department, and lasted half an hour. The interview was unproductive of results.

SECRETARY RUSK issued an order placing Canadian cattle under the restrictions of the act of August 30, 1890, designed to exclude pleuro-pneumonia. This means a quarantine detention of ninety days, and Buffalo is named as the only quarantine station.

A TRIBUTE unprecedented in the history of Congress was paid by his colleagues to Mr. Blount, of Georgia, who is about to retire after twenty years of service in the House. Messrs. Hitt and O'Neill, Republicans, vied with Messrs. Holman, Bland, McCreary and Springer, Democrats, in lauding the retiring Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

THE President sent to the Senate the nomination of Carroll D. Wright of Massachusetts, to be Commissioner of Labor, a reappointment.

THE President granted a conditional pardon to Edgar Swan, ex-President of the City National Bank, of Lynn, Mass., convicted of violating the Federal banking laws and sentenced on April 11, 1893, to five years' imprisonment in Lawrence Jail.

PRESIDENT HARRISON submitted to Congress the Hawaiian annexation treaty made with King Kamehameha in 1854.

THE coast defence vessel Monterey has been accepted by the Secretary of the Navy.

THE Russian extradition treaty has been ratified by the Senate, with an amendment including attempts to kill the Czar or any member of the royal family.

### Foreign.

THE Navajo Indians are committing many depredations in the State of Sonora, Mexico.

SECRETARY WHITE, of the American Legation, has delivered to Lord Rosebery, in London, three dispatch boxes containing the American case in the matter of the Bering Sea arbitration.

THE Banco de Roma y La Plata, Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic, has suspended payment, in consequence of the losses sustained in gold speculation by the manager of the concern. These losses amount to $1,000,000.

A BAND of Somalis attacked and beat the Khanyu agent of the British East Africa Company and his guards. The marines from the British warship Widgeon eventually were landed, and after killing eight Somalis, put the rest to flight. The Hottentots recently attacked Mossamedes, in Lower Guinea. The Portuguese troops drove them back after a stubborn fight, in which the Hottentots lost their chief and fifty men.

FLOODS in Queensland have caused enormous loss to property; many persons have been drowned.

THE loss of property caused by the series of earthquakes at Zante, Greece, is estimated at eight millions of drachmas (about $1,600,000).

KING GEORGE and the Queen of Greece visited Zante to inspect the havoc caused by the earthquake.

THE caraval Santa Maria, escorted by the cruiser Isla de Luzon, sailed from Cadiz, Spain, for America. The cruiser will proceed half way across the Atlantic with the caraval.

ALGERNON SARTORIS, who married Nellie Grant, daughter of President U. S. Grant, died a few days ago, at Capri, Italy. He had not lived with his wife for some years. Their wedding in the White House, at Washington, was a notable event.

WITHIN four days fifty persons died in Marseilles, France, of a cholera ic disease.

WATER, caused by floods, flowed thirty feet in the principal streets of Brisbane, Queensland, and the city was in darkness; 500 houses were demolished.

THE British House of Commons voted confidence in the Gladstone Government, 276 to 190, the test vote being taken on an amendment by Kier Hardie.

## THE NATION'S MILITIA.

### Their Number Reported by States and Territories.

The Secretary of War has transmitted to the Senate an abstract of the militia forces of the United States as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alabama | 2,855 | Montana | 593 |
| Arkansas | 1,694 | Nebraska | 1,366 |
| California | 4,198 | Nevada | 546 |
| Colorado | 865 | N. Hampshire | 1,285 |
| Connecticut | 2,776 | New Jersey | 4,017 |
| Delaware | 445 | New York | 12,905 |
| Florida | 1,030 | N. Carolina | 2,035 |
| Georgia | 3,949 | North Dakota | 513 |
| Idaho | 368 | Ohio | 5,825 |
| Illinois | 4,417 | Oregon | 1,431 |
| Indiana | 2,654 | Pennsylvania | 8,601 |
| Iowa | 2,363 | Rhode Island | 1,504 |
| Kansas | 1,714 | S. Carolina | 5,806 |
| Kentucky | 1,570 | South Dakota | 584 |
| Louisiana | 1,182 | Tennessee | 1,164 |
| Maine | 1,208 | Texas | 3,333 |
| Maryland | 2,334 | Vermont | 787 |
| Massachusetts | 5,916 | Virginia | 2,844 |
| Michigan | 2,916 | Washington | 1,388 |
| Minnesota | 1,994 | West Virginia | 864 |
| Mississippi | 1,712 | Wisconsin | 2,414 |
| Missouri | 2,355 | Wyoming | 368 |

Aggregate of all State militia, 110,048.

The militia strength of the Territories is as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Alaska | 48 |
| Arizona | 288 |
| New Mexico | 571 |
| Oklahoma | 151 |
| Total | 1,060 |
| District of Columbia | 1,382 |
| Grand total | 112,442 |

Utah is the only State or Territory that has no organized militia.

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THE corn crop, according to the last Government report, is short but slightly larger than in 1893, 1887 and 1890. Its average yield an acre, 23.1 bushels, has been exceeded six times in ten years. Its area is considerably reduced, the reduction being very heavy in the corn-producing region, though offset in part by increase in the Atlantic States and throughout the entire cotton belt.

## ELECTORAL VOTES COUNTED.

### Cleveland and Stevenson Formally Declared Elected.

### The Impressive Scenes Attending the Official Canvass.

Great crowds were drawn to the Capitol at Washington by the formal ceremonies incident to the official counting of the electoral vote of the States for President and Vice-President.

The ceremonies attending the counting of the vote are prescribed by a joint resolution reported by Senator Hoar in 1884, and incorporated in the supplementary revised statutes. It provides that when the two houses of Congress are assembled in the hall of the House of Representatives pursuant to the requirement of the Constitution, that two persons be appointed tellers on the part of the Senate and two on the part of the House of Representatives, to make a list of the votes as they shall be declared; that the result shall be delivered to the President of the Senate, who shall announce the vote and the persons elected to the two houses, which shall be deemed a declaration of the persons elected President and Vice-President. Vice-President Morton several days before appointed as tellers on behalf of the Senate for this ceremony Mr. Hale (Republican), of Maine, and Mr. Blackburn (Democrat), of Kentucky. Speaker Crisp appointed Judge Chipman, of Michigan, and Henry Cabot Lodge, (Senator-elect from Massachusetts), as the House tellers.

As early as ten o'clock a steady stream of people began to flow towards the great white building on Capitol Hill, and long before an hour had passed every available seat in the galleries—except those reserved for the Executive and Diplomatic Corps—had an occupant. Up to the time of the meeting of the House no one graced the bench reserved for the Speaker's family. In the main public gallery were many fashionably dressed women.

The actual ceremonies preceding the ceremonies of counting the electoral ballot were nearly the same as four years ago. There was the ceremonious opening of the safe in the Vice-President's room and the taking out of the eighty-eight sealed packages supposed to represent the votes of the forty-four States as received in duplicate by mail and messenger; there was the procession, led by Captain Bassett, who has participated in every Presidential count for more than sixty years, and his escort of a squad of Capitol police.

Promptly at one o'clock the Senate, headed by the Vice-President, Levi P. Morton, entered the Hall of the House. The Vice-President took the seat of honor at the right of the Speaker, and having called the joint assemblage to order proceeded formally to open one of the boxes in which were contained the returns of the Electors of the various States. The first return—that of Alabama—was handed to Senator Hale, one of the tellers, who, in a low but distinct voice, read the statement showing that the eleven votes of that State had been cast for Cleveland and Stevenson.

Then the certificates were presented without formal reading, the tellers merely stating the result. The utmost dignity was preserved until Teller Blackburn announced that the State of Illinois had cast twenty-four votes for Cleveland and Stevenson. Then the spectators broke into applause.

The totals announced by the Vice-President were Cleveland and Stevenson 277, Harrison and Reid 145, Weaver and Field 22.

After the last certificate had been read and the results footed up, the Vice-President made the customary announcement that under the law this was a sufficient declaration that Grover Cleveland, of the State of New York, was elected President of the United States, and that Adlai E. Stevenson was elected Vice-President of the United States, each for the term beginning March 4, 1893, and that this result would be entered, together with a list of the votes, on the journals of the Senate and House of Representatives.

The joint session was then declared dissolved; the Senate withdrew, and each House resumed business in its own chamber.

## FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

### In the Senate.

38TH DAY.—Mr. Hill gave notice that he would call up the Sherman Silver Repeal bill——The House bill to ratify and confirm an agreement with the Cherokee Indians was taken up and many amendments were offered, discussed and disposed of. The bill was laid aside without final action——At 3 p. m. business was suspended in order that fitting tributes might be made to the memory of the late Senator Barbour, of Virginia. Eulogies were pronounced by Messrs. Daniel, Manderson, Faulkner, Gallinger, Platt, Hill, Hiscock and Hunton.

39TH DAY.—The Senate spent two hours in the consideration of House bills on the calendar and passed eighteen of them——Mr. Morgan introduced a resolution, which was agreed to, requesting the President to send to the Senate the draft of the annexation treaty negotiated in 1854, but not completed, between the plenipotentiaries of the United States and the kingdom of Hawaii——The Senate then passed the House bill to ratify and confirm an agreement with the Cherokee Nation of Indians of the Indian Territory and appropriating $8,595,736 to carry it out——Memorial proceedings in memory of Mr. Gamble, of South Dakota; Mr. Ford, of Michigan, and Mr. Stackhouse, of South Carolina (late members of the House of Representatives), were begun at 4 p. m., and after eulogies on each of the dead Representatives, the customary resolutions were agreed to, and the Senate adjourned.

40TH DAY.—By a vote of forty-two to twenty-three the Senate declined to take up the bill for the repeal of the Sherman Silver Purchase act. Mr. Hill made a speech in favor of free coinage——Mr. Harris's Quarantine bill was substituted for the House bill and passed. It confers National quarantine powers on the Marine Hospital.

41ST DAY.—The Senate took up unobjected to House bills and passed a number of them, including sixteen pension bills. The bill for the relief of the assignees of John Roach, to pay the balance due on the despatch boat Dolphin, $8165, was also passed——The bill to require automatic couplings and continuous brakes on freight cars was discussed——The Senate refused to consider the New York and New Jersey Bridge bill——The Senate ratified the Russian Extradition Treaty with amendments.

42D DAY.—Mr. Morgan has introduced a bill which will give the President power to establish a temporary Government in Hawaii pending the establishment of a permanent one——The Car-Coupler bill was discussed.

43D DAY.—The whole of the day's session after the morning hour was devoted to a discussion of the Railroad Automatic Car Coupler bill.

### In the House.

41ST DAY.—Speaker Crisp ruled that the Anti-Option bill must be referred to the Agricultural Committee and the amendments considered in the Committee of the Whole——The House then proceeded in committee to the consideration of the Deficiency Appropriation bill——Mr. Wise offered an amendment granting a month's extra salary to employes of the Senate and House. It was agreed to. The committee then rose. In the House the extra month's pay was agreed to, 142 to 64, and the bill was passed.

42D DAY.—The opening feature of the session was the spontaneous expression of regret manifested by his colleagues at the voluntary retirement of Mr. Blount of Georgia, from the seat which he has filled for twenty years. Never before in the history of Congress has a member been so honored——The House then, in Committee of the Whole (Mr. Hatch in the chair), proceeded to the consideration of the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation bill. There was no general debate, and the bill was read for amendments. When the committee rose the bill was passed——The Military Academy Appropriation bill was then taken up. There was no opposition made to the bill, which was passed without division——Public business was then suspended to enable the House to pay tribute to the late J. W. Kendall of Kentucky. After remarks by Messrs. McCreary, Paynter, Caruth, Bunn, G. W. Stone, McKinney, Smith, Weaver, Wilson and Belknap, the House out of respect to the memory of the deceased adjourned.

43D DAY.—The House filibustered all day against the Anti-Option and Bankruptcy bills.

44TH DAY.—The Legislative Appropriation bill was discussed.

45TH DAY.—The Electoral votes were counted in joint session in the House, and the result was declared——The Legislative Appropriation bill was considered.

46TH DAY.—The friends of silver sustained the demand for the previous question on the Silver Purchase bill——The Legislative bill was passed——The Repeal bill was passed by a vote of 132 to 145.

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THE wheat crop is slightly above an average one in yield, says the Department of Agriculture's reporter; the area as estimated is 38,754,430 acres, product, 515,949,000 bushels; value, $331,111,581.

THE movement into sight of the cotton crop for the season shows a deficiency of nearly 2,000,000 bales under last year.

## LATER NEWS.

RESOLUTIONS favoring the annexation of Hawaii were passed by the New York Senate at Albany.

ROCKEFELLER & Co., private bankers, Wilkesbarre, Penn., stopped payment and hundreds of small depositors were left without money to continue business.

FOUR THOUSAND colored people in Concordia and Catahoula Parishes, in the northern portion of Louisiana, are said to be on the verge of starvation, the floods of last summer having destroyed their crops. Exchanges in Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans are to raise funds.

NEWS has been received of the killing of Deputy Marshals Rusk, Bruner and Knight, near Tahlequah, Indian Territory, by Bill Pigeon, an Indian desperado. Pigeon lives in a fortified house in the Cherokee Nation.

QUARANTINE having been raised against the White House on account of the illness of Marthena Harrison, the President resumed the afternoon public receptions.

THE Government stock of gold has run so low that New York bankers have already lent $2,000,000 to the Treasury, and have promised more if necessary.

THE dwelling of James Flynn, near Chatham, New Brunswick, was burned and Flynn, his wife and two children perished in the flames.

FORTY-FOUR persons died in Marseilles, France, in one day of a choleraic disease. Nine of the cases were suspiciously like Asiatic cholera.

THIRTY-SEVEN persons were drowned by the loss of the British steamship Trinacria, off the coast of Spain.

SEVERAL lightly built houses in Campolieto, Province of Campobasso, Italy, collapsed during a high wind. Thirteen persons were killed and fourteen were injured.

ASA P. POTTER, ex-President of the Maverick Bank, of Boston, Mass., was found guilty of overcertification.

FOUR persons lost their lives in a fire in Cincinnati, Ohio, which destroyed John Helder's restaurant.

THE effort to obtain a hearing for the bill to repeal the Sherman Silver Purchase law failed in the House.

THE damage done by the Queensland flood is placed at $15,000,000.

SCHAEFFER'S restaurant, at Berlin, Germany, was thronged about midnight. Suddenly some one cried, "Fire!" A wild panic prevailed. When at length order was restored, it was found that six persons had been killed.

AMERICAN capitalists have acquired the right to collect the customs duties of San Domingo, and they intend to administer affairs so that the Republic will become prosperous again.

## BURNED TO DEATH.

### A Mother and Her Three Children Perish in the Flames.

Mrs. Stephen James, Emma James, aged eleven; Arthur James, aged seven, and Joe Mitchell, aged six, were burned to death at Kansas City, Mo., at 12:30 the other morning, in a fire which destroyed the little cabin of Stephen James. All the victims were colored. The fire caught from an overheated stove, and while all the occupants of the house were asleep.

When the Fire Department arrived on the scene James had just been awakened and was rushing from the building badly burned. Mrs. James had fallen suffocated just within the door and she was dragged out, but was so badly burned that she will not live many hours. In fifteen minutes the little house was entirely consumed and then the charred remains of the little children were discovered in the ashes.

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THREE propellers have just towed seventy coal laden canal boats from Perth Amboy to Jersey City, N. J. The string was the largest yet brought through the bay.

## THE MARKETS.

### Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 | BEANS AND PEAS. | | |
| Beans—Marrow, 1892, choice | $2 45 | @ | $3 50 |
| Medium, 1892, choice | — | @ | 2 10 |
| Pea, 1892, choice | — | @ | 2 15 |
| Red kidney, 1892, choice | 2 85 | @ | 3 00 |
| Red kidney, poor to fair | — | @ | — |
| Lima, Cal., per bush | 2 10 | @ | 2 15 |
| Green peas, 1892, per bbl | 1 95 | @ | 2 00 |
| | BUTTER. | | |
| Creamery—St. & Penn, extra | — | @ | — |
| St. & Penn., firsts | — | @ | — |
| Western, firsts | 27 | @ | 28 |
| Western, seconds | 24 | @ | 26 |
| Western, thirds | — | @ | 23 |
| State dairy—half tubs, and pails, extras | 28 | @ | — |
| Half tubs and pails, 1sts | 25 | @ | 26 |
| Half tubs and pails, 2ds | 23 | @ | 24 |
| Welsh tubs, extras | — | @ | — |
| Welsh tubs, 1sts | 25 | @ | 26 |
| Welsh tubs, 2ds | 23 | @ | 24 |
| Western—Im. creamery, 1sts | 24 | @ | 25 |
| W. Im. creamery, 2ds | 21 | @ | 22 |
| W. Im. creamery, 3ds | — | @ | — |
| Western Factory, fresh, firsts | 21 | @ | 22 |
| W. Factory, seconds | 19 | @ | 20 |
| W. Factory and dairy, 3ds | — | @ | 18 |
| | CHEESE. | | |
| State factory—Full cream, white, fancy | 12 | @ | — |
| Full cream, colored, fancy | 12 | @ | — |
| Full cream, good to prime | 11 | @ | 11½ |
| Part skims, choice | 8½ | @ | 9 |
| Part skims, good to prime | 7 | @ | 8 |
| Part skims, common | 4 | @ | 6 |
| Full skims | 1 | @ | 2½ |
| | EGGS. | | |
| State and Penn—Fresh | 30 | @ | — |
| Western—Fresh, fancy | 37 | @ | 39 |
| Limed—State | — | @ | 35 |
| | FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH. | | |
| Apples—King, per bbl | — | @ | — |
| Baldwin, per bbl | 2 00 | @ | 3 00 |
| Greening, per bbl | 2 50 | @ | 3 50 |
| Grapes, up river, Del., 5 lb. | — | @ | — |
| W. N. Y., fresh, 5 lb | 15 | @ | 17 |
| W. N. Y., inferior, 5 lb | 10 | @ | 12 |
| Cranberries, Cape Cod, bbl. | 8 00 | @ | 10 00 |
| | HOPS. | | |
| State—1892, fair to choice | 23½ | @ | 24 |
| 1891, prime | 16 | @ | 21 |
| 1892, common to good | 19 | @ | 22½ |
| Old odds | 6 | @ | 10 |
| | LIVE POULTRY. | | |
| Fowls—Jersey, State, Penn. | — | @ | 12½ |
| Western, per lb | 12 | @ | 12½ |
| Spring Chickens, local, lb | 11½ | @ | 12 |
| Western per lb | 11½ | @ | — |
| Roosters, old, per lb | — | @ | 8 |
| Turkeys, per lb | 12 | @ | 13½ |
| Ducks—N. J., N. Y., Penn., per pair | 80 | @ | 1 12 |
| Western, per pair | 75 | @ | 1 00 |
| Geese, Western, per pair | 1 50 | @ | 1 87 |
| Pigeons, per pair | 35 | @ | 40 |
| | DRESSED POULTRY—FRESH KILLED. | | |
| Turkeys, per lb | 12½ | @ | 13½ |
| Chickens—Phila., per lb | 14 | @ | 17 |
| Western, per lb | 12 | @ | 13 |
| Fowls—St. and West., per lb | 11 | @ | 12½ |
| Ducks—Fair to fancy, per lb | 12 | @ | 15 |
| Eastern, per lb | — | @ | — |
| Spring, L. I., per lb | — | @ | — |
| Geese—Western, per lb | 7 | @ | 11 |
| Squabs—Dark, per doz | 3 00 | @ | — |
| White, per doz | 4 00 | @ | — |
| | VEGETABLES. | | |
| Potatoes—State, per bbl | 2 37 | @ | 2 63 |
| Jersey, prime, per bbl | 2 25 | @ | 2 50 |
| Jersey, inferior, per bbl. | 1 50 | @ | 2 00 |
| L. I., in bulk, per bbl. | — | @ | 2 75 |
| Cabbage, L. I., per 100 | 6 00 | @ | 10 00 |
| Onions—Eastern, yellow, bbl. | 3 00 | @ | 3 50 |
| Eastern, red, per bbl | 3 00 | @ | 3 25 |
| State, per bbl | 3 00 | @ | 3 50 |
| Squash—Marrow, per barrel, | — | @ | 2 25 |
| Sweet potatoes, Va., per bbl. | — | @ | — |
| South Jersey, per bbl | 3 00 | @ | 4 50 |
| Celery, near by, doz. bunches | 1 00 | @ | 1 50 |
| | GRAIN, ETC. | | |
| Flour—City Mill Extra | — | @ | — |
| Patents | 4 40 | @ | 4 70 |
| Wheat—No. 2 Red | 80 | @ | 82 |
| Rye—State | 57 | @ | 60 |
| Barley—Two-rowed State | 65 | @ | 67 |
| Corn—Ungraded Mixed | — | @ | 54 |
| Oats—No. 2 White | — | @ | 41½ |
| Mixed Western | 38½ | @ | 40 |
| Hay—Good to Choice | 70 | @ | 90 |
| Straw—Long Rye | 65 | @ | 67½ |
| Lard—City Steam | 11.75c | @ | 11.80c |
| | LIVE STOCK. | | |
| Beeves, City dressed | 7½ | @ | 9½ |
| Milch Cows, com. to good | 25 00 | @ | 50 00 |
| Calves, City dressed | 9 | @ | 13 |
| Sheep, per 100 lbs | 5 50 | @ | 5 87½ |
| Lambs, per lb | 6½ | @ | 8 |
| Hogs—Live, per 100 lbs | 7 85 | @ | 8 35 |
| Dressed | 9¾ | @ | 11 |


NYNU—6

## Fresh Air and Exercise.

Get all that's possible of both, if in need of flesh strength and nerve force. There's need, too, of plenty of fat-food.

## Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil builds up flesh and strength quicker than any other preparation known to science.

*Scott's Emulsion is constantly effecting Cure of Consumption, Bronchitis and kindred diseases where other methods* FAIL.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

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**THE KIND THAT CURES**

MRS. OLIVER CHERRIER,
Malone, N. Y.

**On Crutches 10 Years!**

**EATING SORES THAT WOULD NOT HEAL!**

**CURED! CURED!**

DANA SARSAPARILLA CO.:

GENTLEMEN—I wish to testify to the efficacy of DANA'S SARSAPARILLA.

For several years I have been suffering from a **bad Blood Disorder** called by different names by the several Physicians who attended me, but which **baffled the skill** of them all. It attacked my face, **EATING AWAY THE FLESH,** and leaving a persistent **running sore,** which nothing would heal. It also broke out on my limbs in a **FEVER SORE.** For months I was **confined to my bed** and have been **unable to walk** without crutches for **over ten years.**

Last Fall I purchased three bottles of

**DANA'S SARSAPARILLA**

of Davis Bros. It **helped** me from the **first.** I took it faithfully, and I can now **attend to my household duties and walk as well as ever.**

I am sure that my case is as near a **miracle** as anything that happens at the present day.

I am very sincerely yours,

Malone, N. Y. MRS. OLIVER CHERRIER.

GENTLEMEN:—We enclose testimonial of Mrs. Cherrier, which is a strong endorsement of your valuable compound. We believe her statement to be **true in every respect;**

We are very respectfully yours,

DAVIS BROS.

Malone, N. Y. Wholesale & Retail Druggists.

**Dana Sarsaparilla Co., Belfast, Maine.**


### How He Finished His Declamation.

An Amherst graduate, a night or two ago, in a reminiscent mood related the following story of school days to some friends:

"Good old Doctor B. had the somewhat discouraging task of training us to become the country's future orators. We always called him 'Prexy Rhetoricals.' He was an eccentric old fellow and had a habit of cutting our weekly declamations short that he might go home early in the afternoon. We never could know when one of us might be cut off in the most eloquent part of some stirring bit of oratory with the stereotyped remark—'Very well done, next!'

"Tom Cotting was the most promising member of the class for the oratorical laureateship. One afternoon when 'Prexy' was in a greater hurry than ever to finish declamations, Tom held us spellbound by a masterly rendering of the speech of 'Spartacus to the Gladiators.' Just as he was launching out his defiance of the Roman tyrants